Stata and the newcomer

Svend Juul, 5 April 2004

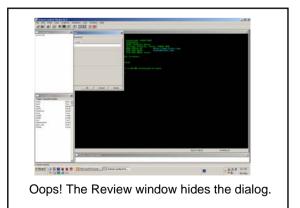
29 March 2004: Meeting at a Danish hospital

- We want to improve the research facilities for our staff. We need a good, flexible, affordable statistical package, including graphing facilities.
- "Stata is the answer to that need."
- "I'm not so sure. People tell me that it is difficult to get started. It may be OK for a full-time researcher, but our junior doctors can't spend weeks to find out how to use it."
- "I heard that SPSS is a lot friendlier."
- "But it's expensive. Wouldn't Excel do?"

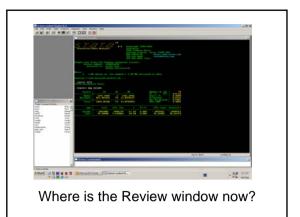
- First impression.
- Names are important
- Manual structure













This was the user's first impression:

- It looks ugly (especially the Viewer window font).
- It behaves confusingly.
- The documentation [GSW] is misleading.
- "I give up using Stata. It's unprofessional."
- "I give up using Stata. I'm not bright enough."

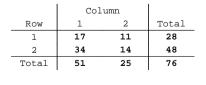
The Results window is clumsy

- Previous output disappears.
- I can't edit (remove junk) before printing.
- I get confused by the many colours; they generate more heat than light.
- I can only move around using the mouse.
- We know the solution: use a log file

 but most often I forgot to open one beforehand.

The Viewer window is clumsy

- No, actually it is perfect for looking up help.
- But it is not good for displaying, editing and printing output.
- The SMCL translation to fonts is strange.



Recommendation: Re-design

- Improve the immediate appearance after installation.
- Automatic log file and an editable output window.
- (Forget SMCL-formatted output; just plain text).

• First impression

- Names are important
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Names are important

А

- summarize has the option meanonly.
- It displays nothing, but it saves results.
- No, it saves several results.
- В
- I guess it displays the mean only.
- I guess it saves the mean only, then.
- Why, then, isn't the name nodisplay?

table - tabulate

table and tabulate with very similar names actually do very different things.

- tabulate does three very different things (tab1, tab2 and tabsum).
- [R] tabulate lists 26 options. Only 4 are common to tab1 and tab2.

tab1	tab2	tab1	tab2
	all		matrow()
	cchi2	missing	missing
	cell		nofreq
	chi2		nokey
	clrchi2	nolabel	nolabel
	column	plot	
	exact		replace
	expected		row
	gamma	sort	
generate()		<pre>subpop()</pre>	subpop()
	lrchi2		taub
<pre>matcell()</pre>	<pre>matcell()</pre>		v
	matcol()		wrap

Let tab1, tab2 and tabsum be three separate commands, with separate manual entries. Now, the tabsum syntax is:

- tabulate indpevar [indepvar], summarize(depvar)
- Suggestion, like oneway and anova: tabsum depvar indepvar [indepvar], options
- Other tabulation commands need rethinking too.

generate and egen

egen supplies some functions that ought to be in generate - but I can't predict which functions belong where

generate y = max(x1, x2, x3)
egen y = rmax(x1 x2 x3)
They do the same, but with different syntax.

```
generate y = sum(x1)
egen y = sum(x1)
They do different things.
I don't recall which does what.
```

Suggestion:

- Incorporate as many as possible of egen's functions in generate.
- New names for sum functions etc.:
 rsum(args) Sum of arguments within observation (egen's rsum)
 csum(var) Cumulated sum (generate's sum)
 tsum(var) Total sum, all observations (egen's sum)

This is a trap:

anycommand if age>60 includes those with missing age because missing is > 60 (!)

This is designed to generate errors.

- First impression
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Finding commands

- Commands in unpredictable places: - dotplot and histogram in [R]
 - graph dot and graph bar in [G]
- Is the alphabetic structure viable?
 - [U] is excellent
 - [G] is a disaster

Give up the alphabetic manual structure. E.g. make a chapter on the family of fitting and smoothing functions:

- [R] fracpoly
- [G] twoway lfitci
- [R] lowess
- [G] twoway lowess
- [R] mkspline
- [G] twoway mband
- [R] smooth
- [G] twoway mspline [G] twoway qfit
- [G] twoway fpfit
 [G] twoway fpfitci
- [G] twoway lfit
- [G] twoway qfitci

- The gap between the Getting Started manual and the "real" manuals is huge.
- Make a Newcomer's Guide (300 pages). More than [GS], less than [U] and [R]. It should include commands for elementary data management and analysis.

Conclusion

- Many users learn to love Stata some of us even get addicted.
- Many potential users feel discouraged
- Give high priority to:
 - The first impression
 - Friendliness towards new users
 - Manual structure
 - Names, names, names
- It can be done without harm to the current users.