Title stata.com

import excel — Import and export Excel files

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Description

import excel loads an Excel file, also known as a workbook, into Stata. import excel filename, describe lists available sheets and ranges of an Excel file. export excel saves data in memory to an Excel file. Excel 1997/2003 (.xls) files and Excel 2007/2010 (.xlsx) files can be imported, exported, and described using import excel, export excel, and import excel, describe.

import excel and export excel are supported on Windows, Mac, and Linux.

import excel and export excel look at the file extension, .xls or .xlsx, to determine which Excel format to read or write.

For performance, import excel imposes a size limit of 40 MB for Excel 2007/2010 (.xlsx) files. Be warned that importing large .xlsx files can severely affect your machine's performance.

import excel auto first looks for auto.xls and then looks for auto.xlsx if auto.xls is not found in the current directory.

The default file extension for export excel is .xls if a file extension is not specified.

Quick start

```
Check the contents of Excel file mydata.xls before importing
```

import excel mydata, describe

As above, but for mydata.xlsx

import excel mydata.xlsx, describe

Load data from mydata.xls

import excel mydata

As above, but load data from cells A1:G10 of mysheet

import excel mydata, cellrange(A1:G10) sheet(mysheet)

Read first row as lowercase variable names

import excel mydata, firstrow case(lower)

Import only v1 and v2

import excel v1 v2 using mydata

Save data in memory to mydata.xls

export excel mydata

As above, but export variables v1, v2, and v3 $\,$

export excel v1 v2 v3 using mydata

Menu

import excel

File > Import > Excel spreadsheet (*.xls;*.xlsx)

export excel

File > Export > Data to Excel spreadsheet (*.xls;*.xlsx)

Syntax

```
Load an Excel file
```

```
import excel [using] filename [, import_excel_options]
```

Load subset of variables from an Excel file

```
import excel extvarlist using filename [, import_excel_options]
```

Describe contents of an Excel file

```
import excel [using] filename, describe
```

Save data in memory to an Excel file

```
export excel [using] filename [if] [in] [, export_excel_options]
```

Save subset of variables in memory to an Excel file

import_excel_options	Description
<pre>sheet("sheetname")</pre>	Excel worksheet to load
$\underline{\mathtt{cellra}}\mathtt{nge}(\lceil \mathit{start} \rceil \lceil : \mathit{end} \rceil)$	Excel cell range to load
<u>first</u> row	treat first row of Excel data as variable names
$\mathtt{case}(\underline{\mathtt{pre}}\mathtt{serve} \underline{\mathtt{l}}\mathtt{ower} \underline{\mathtt{u}}\mathtt{pper})$	preserve the case (the default) or read variable names as lowercase or uppercase when using firstrow
<u>all</u> string	import all Excel data as strings
clear	replace data in memory
locale("locale")	specify the locale used by the workbook; has no effect on Microsoft Windows

locale() does not appear in the dialog box.

export_excel_options	Description			
Main				
<pre>sheet("sheetname")</pre>	save to Excel worksheet			
cell(start)	start (upper-left) cell in Excel to begin saving to			
<u>sheetmod</u> ify	modify Excel worksheet			
sheetreplace	replace Excel worksheet			
firstrow(variables varlabels)	save variable names or variable labels to first row			
<u>nol</u> abel	export values instead of value labels			
replace	overwrite Excel file			
Advanced				
<pre>datestring("datetime_format")</pre>	save dates as strings with a datetime_format			
<pre>missing("repval")</pre>	save missing values as repval			
locale("locale")	specify the locale used by the workbook; has no effect of Microsoft Windows			

locale() does not appear in the dialog box.

extvarlist specifies variable names of imported columns. An extvarlist is one or more of any of the following:

varname varname=columnname

Example: import excel make mpg weight price using auto.xlsx, clear imports columns A, B, C, and D from the Excel file auto.xlsx.

Example: import excel make=A mpg=B price=D using auto.xlsx, clear imports columns A, B, and D from the Excel file auto.xlsx. Column C and any columns after D are skipped.

Options for import excel

sheet("sheetname") imports the worksheet named sheetname in the workbook. The default is to import the first worksheet.

cellrange([start][:end]) specifies a range of cells within the worksheet to load. start and end are specified using standard Excel cell notation, for example, A1, BC2000, and C23.

firstrow specifies that the first row of data in the Excel worksheet consists of variable names. This option cannot be used with *extvarlist*. firstrow uses the first row of the cell range for variable names if cellrange() is specified. import excel translates the names in the first row to valid Stata variable names. The original names in the first row are stored unmodified as variable labels.

case(preserve | lower | upper) specifies the case of the variable names read when using the firstrow option. The default is case(preserve), meaning to preserve the variable name case. Only ASCII letters in names are changed to uppercase or lowercase. Unicode characters beyond ASCII range are not changed.

allstring forces import excel to import all Excel data as string data.

clear clears data in memory before loading data from the Excel workbook.

The following option is available with import excel but is not shown in the dialog box:

locale("locale") specifies the locale used by the workbook. You might need this option when working with extended ASCII character sets. This option has no effect on Microsoft Windows. The default locale is UTF-8.

Options for export excel

Main

- sheet("sheetname") saves to the worksheet named sheetname. If there is no worksheet named sheetname in the workbook, a new sheet named sheetname is created. If this option is not specified, the first worksheet of the workbook is used.
- cell(start) specifies the start (upper-left) cell in the Excel worksheet to begin saving to. By default, export excel saves starting in the first row and first column of the worksheet.
- sheetmodify exports data to the worksheet without changing the cells outside the exported range. sheetmodify cannot be combined with sheetreplace or replace.
- sheetreplace clears the worksheet before the data are exported to it. sheetreplace cannot be combined with sheetmodify or replace.
- firstrow(variables | varlabels) specifies that the variable names or the variable labels be saved in the first row in the Excel worksheet. The variable name is used if there is no variable label for a given variable.
- nolabel exports the underlying numeric values instead of the value labels.
- replace overwrites an existing Excel workbook. replace cannot be combined with sheetmodify or sheetreplace.

Advanced

- datestring("datetime_format") exports all datetime variables as strings formatted by date-time_format. See [D] datetime display formats.
- missing("repval") exports missing values as repval. repval can be either string or numeric. Without specifying this option, export excel exports the missing values as empty cells.

The following option is available with export excel but is not shown in the dialog box:

locale("locale") specifies the locale used by the workbook. You might need this option when working with extended ASCII character sets. The default locale is UTF-8.

Remarks and examples

file auto.xls saved

stata.com

To demonstrate the use of import excel and export excel, we will first load auto.dta and export it as an Excel file named auto.xls:

```
. use http://www.stata-press.com/data/r14/auto
(1978 Automobile Data)
. export excel auto, firstrow(variables)
```

Now we can import from the auto.xls file we just created, telling Stata to clear the current data from memory and to treat the first row of the worksheet in the Excel file as variable names:

- . import excel auto.xls, firstrow clear
- . describe

Contains data

obs: 74 12 vars: size: 3,922

variable name	storage type	display format	value label	variable label	
make	str17	%17s		make	
price	int	%10.0g		price	
mpg	byte	%10.0g		mpg	
rep78	byte	%10.0g		rep78	
headroom	double	%10.0g		headroom	
trunk	byte	%10.0g		trunk	
weight	int	%10.0g		weight	
length	int	%10.0g		length	
turn	byte	%10.0g		turn	
displacement	int	%10.0g		displacement	
gear_ratio	double	%10.0g		gear_ratio	
foreign	str8	%9s		foreign	

Sorted by:

Note: Dataset has changed since last saved.

We can also import a subrange of the cells in the Excel file:

- . import excel auto.xls, cellrange(:D70) firstrow clear
- . describe

Contains data

obs: 69 vars: 4 1,449 size:

variable name	storage type	display format	value label	variable label	
make price mpg rep78	str17 int byte byte	%17s %10.0g %10.0g %10.0g		make price mpg rep78	

Sorted by:

Note: Dataset has changed since last saved.

Both .xls and .xlsx files are supported by import excel and export excel. If a file extension is not specified with export excel, .xls is assumed, because this format is more common and is compatible with more applications that also can read from Excel files. To save the data in memory as a .xlsx file, specify the extension:

- . use http://www.stata-press.com/data/r14/auto, clear (1978 Automobile Data)
- . export excel auto.xlsx

file auto.xlsx saved

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To export a subset of variables and overwrite the existing auto.xls Excel file, specify a variable list and the replace option:

. export excel make mpg weight using auto, replace file auto.xls saved

□ Technical note: Excel data size limits

For an Excel .xls-type workbook, the worksheet size limits are 65,536 rows by 256 columns. The string size limit is 255 characters.

For an Excel .xlsx-type workbook, the worksheet size limits are 1,048,576 rows by 16,384 columns. The string size limit is 32,767 characters.

□ Technical note: Dates and times

Excel has two different date systems, the "1900 Date System" and the "1904 Date System". Excel stores a date and time as an integer representing the number of days since a start date plus a fraction of a 24-hour day.

In the 1900 Date System, the start date is 00Jan1900; in the 1904 Date System, the start date is 01Jan1904. In the 1900 Date System, there is another artificial date, 29feb1900, besides 00Jan1900. import excel translates 29feb1900 to 28feb1900 and 00Jan1900 to 31dec1899.

See *Using dates and times from other software* in [D] **datetime** for a discussion of the relationship between Stata datetimes and Excel datetimes.

□ Technical note: Mixed data types

Because Excel's data type is cell based, import excel may encounter a column of cells with mixed data types. In such a case, the following rules are used to determine the variable type in Stata of the imported column.

- If the column contains at least one cell with nonnumerical text, the entire column is imported as a string variable.
- If an all-numerical column contains at least one cell formatted as a date or time, the entire column is imported as a Stata date or datetime variable. import excel imports the column as a Stata date if all date cells in Excel are dates only; otherwise, a datetime is used.

Video example

Import Excel data into Stata

Stored results

```
import excel filename, describe stores the following in r():
```

Macros

r(N_worksheet) number of worksheets in the Excel workbook name of worksheet # in the Excel workbook r(worksheet_#)

r(range_#) available cell range for worksheet # in the Excel workbook

References

Crow, K. 2012. Using import excel with real world data. The Stata Blog: Not Elsewhere Classified. http://blog.stata.com/2012/06/25/using-import-excel-with-real-world-data/.

Jeanty, P. W. 2013. Dealing with identifier variables in data management and analysis. Stata Journal 13: 699-718.

Also see

```
[D] datetime — Date and time values and variables
```

[D] export — Overview of exporting data from Stata

[D] **import** — Overview of importing data into Stata

[M-5] _docx*() — Generate Office Open XML (.docx) file

[M-5] xl() — Excel file I/O class

[P] putexcel — Export results to an Excel file