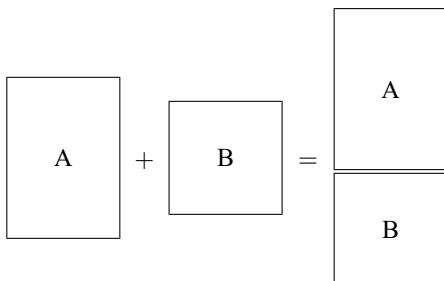


23 Combining datasets

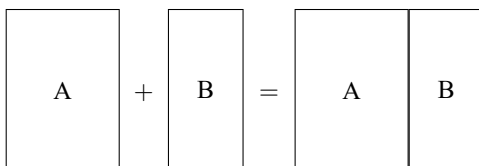
You have two datasets that you wish to combine. Below, we will draw a dataset as a box where, in the box, the variables go across and the observations go down.

See [\[D\]](#) **append** if you want to combine datasets vertically:



`append` adds observations to the existing variables. That is an oversimplification because `append` does not require that the datasets have the same variables. `append` is appropriate, for instance, when you have data on hospital patients and then receive data on more patients.

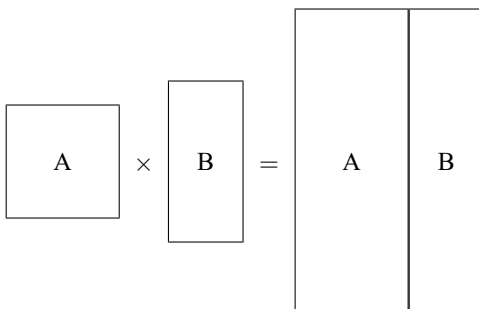
See [\[D\]](#) **merge** if you want to combine datasets horizontally:



`merge` adds variables to the existing observations. That is an oversimplification because `merge` does not require that the datasets have the same observations. `merge` is appropriate, for instance, when you have data on survey respondents and then receive data on part 2 of the questionnaire.

There is another way to combine datasets horizontally, or more precisely, hierarchically, by loading them into separate frames and linking them. See [\[D\]](#) **frlink** for a discussion of when you might want to use `merge` versus `frlink`.

See [\[D\]](#) **joinby** when you want to combine datasets horizontally but form all pairwise combinations within group:



`joinby` is similar to `merge` but forms all combinations of the observations where it makes sense. `joinby` would be appropriate, for instance, where A contained data on parents and B contained data on their children. `joinby familyid` would form a dataset of each parent joined with each of his or her children.

Also see [D] [cross](#) for a less frequently used command that forms every pairwise combination of two datasets.

See [Mitchell \(2020, chap. 7\)](#) for more information on combining datasets in Stata.

References

- Golbe, D. L. 2010. [Stata tip 83: Merging multilingual datasets](#). *Stata Journal* 10: 152–156.
- Gould, W. W. 2011a. Merging data, part 1: Merges gone bad. *The Stata Blog: Not Elsewhere Classified*. <https://blog.stata.com/2011/04/18/merging-data-part-1-merges-gone-bad/>.
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