<b>mlexp postestimation</b> — Postestimation tools for mlexp	mlexp	postestimation	- Postestimation	tools for mlexp	
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Postestimation commands predict margins Also see

# **Postestimation commands**

The following postestimation commands are available after mlexp:

Command Description		
contrast	contrasts and ANOVA-style joint tests of parameters	
estat ic	Akaike's, consistent Akaike's, corrected Akaike's, and Schwarz's Bayesian infor- mation criteria (AIC, CAIC, AICc, and BIC, respectively)	
estat summarize	summary statistics for the estimation sample	
estat vce	variance-covariance matrix of the estimators (VCE)	
estimates	cataloging estimation results	
etable	table of estimation results	
lincom	point estimates, standard errors, testing, and inference for linear combinations of parameters	
* lrtest	likelihood-ratio test	
margins	marginal means, predictive margins, marginal effects, and average marginal effects	
marginsplot	graph the results from margins (profile plots, interaction plots, etc.)	
nlcom	point estimates, standard errors, testing, and inference for nonlinear combinations of parameters	
predict	linear predictions and scores	
predictnl	point estimates, standard errors, testing, and inference for generalized predictions	
pwcompare	pairwise comparisons of parameters	
suest	seemingly unrelated estimation	
test	Wald tests of simple and composite linear hypotheses	
testnl	Wald tests of nonlinear hypotheses	

\*lrtest is not appropriate with svy estimation results.

# predict

### **Description for predict**

predict creates a new variable containing predictions such as linear predictions and equation-level scores.

#### Menu for predict

Statistics > Postestimation

### Syntax for predict

predict [type] newvar [if ] [in] [, xb equation(eqno | eqname)]
predict [type] stub\* [if ] [in], scores

Scores are only available for observations within the estimation sample.

### **Options for predict**

xb calculates the linear prediction.

equation(eqno|eqname) specifies the equation for which the linear prediction is desired. Specifying equation(#1) indicates that the calculation be made for the first equation. Specifying equation(demand) indicates that the calculation be made for the equation named demand, assuming there is an equation named demand in the model.

If you specify one new variable name and omit equation(), results are the same as if you had specified equation(#1).

For more information on using predict after multiple-equation estimation commands, see [R] predict.

scores calculates the equation-level score variables. The jth new variable will contain the scores for the jth equation of the model.

## margins

### **Description for margins**

margins estimates margins of response for linear predictions.

### Menu for margins

Statistics > Postestimation

### Syntax for margins

```
margins [marginlist] [, options]
margins [marginlist], predict(statistic ...) [predict(statistic ...) [ options ]
```

 statistic
 Description

 xb
 linear prediction

xb defaults to the first equation.

# Also see

[R] mlexp — Maximum likelihood estimation of user-specified expressions

[U] 20 Estimation and postestimation commands

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