

Description

`ustrtoname(s [, p])` converts a Unicode string to a Stata name. Each character in *s* that is not allowed in a Stata name is converted to an underscore character, `_`. If the first character in *s* is a numeric character and *p* is specified and not zero, then the result is prefixed with an underscore. The result is truncated to 32 Unicode characters.

When arguments are not scalar, `ustrtoname()` returns element-by-element results.

Syntax

```
string matrix ustrtoname(string matrix s [, real scalar p])
```

Remarks and examples

An invalid UTF-8 sequence is converted to an underscore character, `_`.

Use `strtoname()` if you need to produce a Stata 13 compatible name.

Conformability

```
ustrtoname(s [, p]):
      s:      r × c
      p:      1 × 1
      result: r × c
```

Diagnostics

`ustrtoname(s [, p])` returns an empty string if an error occurs.

Also see

[M-5] [strtoname\(\)](#) — Convert a string to a Stata 13 compatible name

[M-4] [String](#) — String manipulation functions

[U] [12.4.2 Handling Unicode strings](#)

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