Lmatrix() — Elimination matrix

DescriptionSyntaxRemarks and examplesConformabilityDiagnosticsReferenceAlso see

Description

Lmatrix(n) returns the $n(n+1)/2 \times n^2$ elimination matrix L for which L*vec(X) = vech(X), where X is an $n \times n$ symmetric matrix.

Syntax

real matrix Lmatrix(real scalar n)

Remarks and examples

Elimination matrices are frequently used in computing derivatives of functions of symmetric matrices. Section 9.6 of Lütkepohl (1996) lists many useful properties of elimination matrices.

Conformability

 $\begin{array}{rl} \texttt{Lmatrix}(n):\\ n: & 1 \times 1\\ \textit{result:} & n(n+1)/2 \times n^2 \end{array}$

Diagnostics

Lmatrix(n) aborts with error if n is less than 0 or is missing. n is interpreted as trunc(n).

Reference

Lütkepohl, H. 1996. Handbook of Matrices. New York: Wiley.

Also see

[M-5] **Dmatrix()** — Duplication matrix

[M-5] **Kmatrix()** — Commutation matrix

[M-5] vec() — Stack matrix columns

[M-4] Standard — Functions to create standard matrices

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