

indexnot() — Find byte not in list

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Description

`indexnot(s1, s2)` returns the position of the first byte of *s*₁ not found in *s*₂, or it returns 0 if all bytes of *s*₁ are found in *s*₂. Note that a Unicode character may contain multiple bytes. Use `strlen()` or `ustrlen()` to check if *s*₁ or *s*₂ has more bytes than its number of Unicode characters.

Syntax

real matrix `indexnot(string matrix s1, string matrix s2)`

Conformability

`indexnot(s1, s2):`

<i>s</i> ₁ :	$r_1 \times c_1$
<i>s</i> ₂ :	$r_2 \times c_2$, <i>s</i> ₁ and <i>s</i> ₂ r-conformable
<i>result</i> :	$\max(r_1, r_2) \times \max(c_1, c_2)$

Diagnostics

`indexnot(s1, s2)` returns 0 if all bytes of *s*₁ are found in *s*₂.

Also see

[M-4] [String](#) — String manipulation functions