barlook_options — Options for setting the look of bars

Description

The barlook_options determine the look of bars produced by graph bar (see [G-2] graph bar), graph hbar (see [G-2] graph bar), graph twoway bar (see [G-2] graph twoway bar), and several other commands that render bars. The barlook_options and the area_options (see [G-3] area_options) are synonyms, and the options may be used interchangeably.

Syntax

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>barlook_options</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>color(colorstyle)</td>
<td>outline and fill color and opacity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fcolor(colorstyle)</td>
<td>fill color and opacity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fintensity(intensitystyle)</td>
<td>fill intensity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lcolor(colorstyle)</td>
<td>outline color and opacity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lwidth(linewidthstyle)</td>
<td>thickness of outline</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lpattern(linepatternstyle)</td>
<td>outline pattern (solid, dashed, etc.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>laalign(linealignmentstyle)</td>
<td>outline alignment (inside, outside, center)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lstyle(linestyle)</td>
<td>overall look of outline</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bstyle(areastyle)</td>
<td>overall look of bars, all settings above</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pstyle(pstyle)</td>
<td>overall plot style, including areastyle</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

All options are merged-implicit; see [G-4] Concept: repeated options.

Options

color(colorstyle) specifies one color and opacity to be used both to outline the shape of the bar and to fill its interior. See [G-4] colorstyle for a list of color choices.

fcolor(colorstyle) specifies the color and opacity to be used to fill the interior of the bar. See [G-4] colorstyle for a list of color choices.

fintensity(intensitystyle) specifies the intensity of the color used to fill the interior of the bar. See [G-4] intensitystyle for a list of intensity choices.

lcolor(colorstyle) specifies the color and opacity to be used to outline the bar. See [G-4] colorstyle for a list of color choices.

lwidth(linewidthstyle) specifies the thickness of the line to be used to outline the bar. See [G-4] linewidthstyle for a list of choices.

lpattern(linepatternstyle) specifies whether the line used to outline the bar is solid, dashed, etc. See [G-4] linepatternstyle for a list of pattern choices.
barlook*— Options for setting the look of bars

*barlook_options* specifies whether the line used to outline the bar is inside, outside, or centered. See [G-4] linealignmentstyle for a list of alignment choices.

*linestyle* specifies the overall style of the line used to outline the bar, including its pattern (solid, dashed, etc.), thickness, color, and alignment. The four options listed above allow you to change the line’s attributes, but *linestyle*() is the starting point. See [G-4] linealignmentstyle for a list of choices.

*areastyle* specifies the look of the bar. The options listed above allow you to change each attribute, but *areastyle*() provides the starting point.

You need not specify *areastyle*() just because there is something you want to change. You specify *areastyle*() when another style exists that is exactly what you desire or when another style would allow you to specify fewer changes to obtain what you want. See [G-4] areastyle for a list of available area styles.

*pstyle* specifies the overall style of the plot, including not only the *areastyle*, but also all other settings for the look of the plot. Only the *areastyle* affects the look of areas. See [G-4] pstyle for a list of available plot styles.

**Remarks and examples**

The *barlook_options* are allowed inside *graph bar*’s and *graph hbar*’s option *bar(*#, *barlook_options)*, as in

```
. graph bar yvar1 yvar2, bar(1, color(green)) bar(2, color(red))
```

The command above would set the bar associated with *yvar1* to be green and the bar associated with *yvar2* to red; see [G-2] graph bar.

*barlook_options* are also allowed as options with *graph twoway bar* and *graph twoway rbar*, as in

```
. graph twoway bar yvar xvar, color(green)
```

The above would set all the bars (which are located at *xvar* and extend to *yvar*) to be green; see [G-2] graph twoway bar and [G-2] graph twoway rbar.

The *lcolor()*, *lwidth()*, *lpattern()*, *lalign()*, and *linestyle()* options are also used to specify how plotted lines and spikes look for all of *graph twoway*’s range plots, paired-coordinate plots, and for area plots, bar plots, spike plots, and dropline plots. For example,

```
. graph twoway rspike y1var y2var xvar, lcolor(red)
```

will set the color of the horizontal spikes between values of *y1var* and *y2var* to red.
Also see

[G-4] areastyle — Choices for look of regions

[G-4] colorstyle — Choices for color

[G-4] linealignmentstyle — Choices for whether outlines are inside, outside, or centered

[G-4] linepatternstyle — Choices for whether lines are solid, dashed, etc.

[G-4] linestyle — Choices for overall look of lines

[G-4] linewidthstyle — Choices for thickness of lines

[G-2] graph bar — Bar charts

[G-2] graph twoway bar — Twoway bar plots

[G-2] graph twoway rbar — Range plot with bars