#### graph twoway qfit — Two-way quadratic prediction plots

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## Description

twoway qfit calculates the prediction for *yvar* from a linear regression of *yvar* on *xvar* and  $xvar^2$  and plots the resulting curve.

## **Quick start**

Graph showing the quadratic prediction of y using x and  $x^2$ twoway qfit y x

Overlay quadratic prediction graph on a scatterplot of the observed data

twoway scatter y x || qfit y x

Same as above, but with a separate graph area for each level of catvar twoway scatter y x || qfit y x, by(catvar)

Same as above, but with an additional graph area for all levels of catvar combined twoway scatter y x || qfit y x, by(catvar, total)

Same as above, but with all graphs in a single row twoway scatter y x || qfit y x, by(catvar, total row(1))

### Menu

Graphics > Two-way graph (scatter, line, etc.)

# Syntax

<u>tw</u>oway qfit yvar xvar [if] [in] [weight] [, options]

options	Description
<pre>range(##) n(#) atobs estopts(regress_options) predopts(predict_options)</pre>	range over which predictions calculated number of prediction points calculate predictions at <i>xvar</i> options for regress options for predict
cline_options	change look of predicted line
axis_choice_options	associate plot with alternative axis
twoway_options	titles, legends, axes, added lines and text, by, regions, name, aspect ratio, etc.

All options are *rightmost*; see [G-4] Concept: repeated options.

yvar and xvar may contain time-series operators; see [U] 11.4.4 Time-series varlists.

aweights, fweights, and pweights are allowed. Weights, if specified, affect estimation but not how the weighted results are plotted. See [U] **11.1.6 weight**.

# Options

- range(# #) specifies the x range over which predictions are calculated. The default is range(. .), meaning the minimum and maximum values of xvar. range(0 10) would make the range 0 to 10, range(. 10) would make the range the minimum to 10, and range(0 .) would make the range 0 to the maximum.
- n(#) specifies the number of points at which predictions over range() are to be calculated. The default is n(100).
- atobs is an alternative to n(). It specifies that the predictions be calculated at the *xvar* values. atobs is the default if predopts() is specified and any statistic other than xb is requested.
- estopts (*regress\_options*) specifies options to be passed along to regress to estimate the linear regression from which the curve will be predicted; see [R] regress. If this option is specified, commonly specified is estopts (nocons).
- predopts (*predict\_options*) specifies options to be passed along to predict to obtain the predictions after estimation by regress; see [R] regress postestimation.
- *cline\_options* specify how the prediction line is rendered; see [G-3] *cline\_options*.
- *axis\_choice\_options* associate the plot with a particular y or x axis on the graph; see [G-3] *axis\_choice\_options*.
- *twoway\_options* are a set of common options supported by all twoway graphs. These options allow you to title graphs, name graphs, control axes and legends, add lines and text, set aspect ratios, create graphs over by () groups, and change some advanced settings. See [G-3] *twoway\_options*.

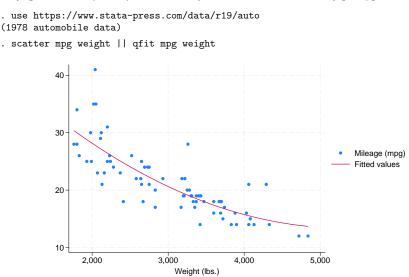
## **Remarks and examples**

Remarks are presented under the following headings:

```
Typical use
Cautions
Use with by()
```

#### **Typical use**

twoway qfit is nearly always used in conjunction with other twoway plottypes, such as



Results are visually the same as typing

```
. generate tempvar = weight<sup>2</sup>
```

. regress mpg weight *tempvar* 

```
. predict fitted
```

. scatter mpg weight || line fitted weight

### Cautions

Do not use twoway qfit when specifying the *axis\_scale\_options* yscale(log) or xscale(log) to create log scales. Typing

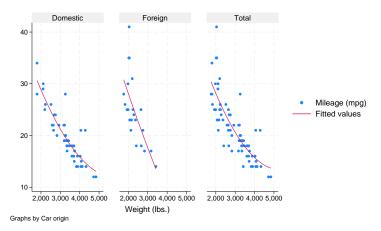
. scatter mpg weight, xscale(log) || qfit mpg weight

produces something that is not a parabola because the regression estimated for the prediction was for mpg on weight and weight<sup>2</sup>, not mpg on log(weight) and log(weight)<sup>2</sup>.

### Use with by()

qfit may be used with by() (as can all the twoway plot commands):

. scatter mpg weight || qfit mpg weight ||, by(foreign, total row(1))



### Also see

- [G-2] graph twoway fpfit Two-way fractional-polynomial prediction plots
- [G-2] graph twoway lfit Two-way linear prediction plots
- [G-2] graph twoway line Two-way line plots
- [G-2] graph twoway mband Two-way median-band plots
- [G-2] graph twoway mspline Two-way median-spline plots
- [G-2] graph twoway qfitci Two-way quadratic prediction plots with CIs
- [R] regress Linear regression

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