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Description

`fmm: truncreg` fits mixtures of truncated linear regression models; see [\[FMM\] fmm](#) and [\[R\] truncreg](#) for details.

Quick start

Mixture of two truncated normal distributions of y with truncation from below at 0

```
fmm 2: truncreg y, ll(0)
```

Mixture of two truncated regression models of y on x_1 and x_2 with truncation from below at 0

```
fmm 2: truncreg y x1 x2, ll(0)
```

Same as above, but where `lower` is a variable containing the truncation point for each observation

```
fmm 2: truncreg y x1 x2, ll(lower)
```

With class probabilities depending on z_1 and z_2

```
fmm 2, lcprob(z1 z2): truncreg y x1 x2, ll(0)
```

With robust standard errors

```
fmm 2, vce(robust): truncreg y x1 x2, ll(0)
```

Constrain coefficients on x_1 and x_2 to be equal across classes

```
fmm 2, lcinvariant(coef): truncreg y x1 x2, ll(0)
```

Menu

Statistics > FMM (finite mixture models) > Continuous outcomes > Truncated regression

Syntax

Basic syntax

```
fmm # : truncreg depvar [indepvars] [, options]
```

Full syntax

```
fmm # [if] [in] [weight] [, fmmopts] : truncreg depvar [indepvars] [, options]
```

where # specifies the number of class models.

<i>options</i>	Description
<code>noconstant</code>	suppress the constant term
<code>ll(<i>varname</i> #)</code>	left-truncation variable or limit
<code>ul(<i>varname</i> #)</code>	right-truncation variable or limit
<code>offset(<i>varname</i>)</code>	include <i>varname</i> in model with coefficient constrained to 1

Model

<code>noconstant</code>	suppress the constant term
<code>ll(<i>varname</i> #)</code>	left-truncation variable or limit
<code>ul(<i>varname</i> #)</code>	right-truncation variable or limit
<code>offset(<i>varname</i>)</code>	include <i>varname</i> in model with coefficient constrained to 1

indepvars may contain factor variables; see [U] 11.4.3 **Factor variables**.

depvar and *indepvars* may contain time-series operators; see [U] 11.4.4 **Time-series varlists**.

For a detailed description of *options*, see *Options* in [R] **truncreg**.

<i>fmmopts</i>	Description
Model	
<code>lcinvariant(<i>pclassname</i>)</code>	specify parameters that are equal across classes; default is <code>lcinvariant(none)</code>
<code>lcprob(<i>varlist</i>)</code>	specify independent variables for class probabilities
<code>lclabel(<i>name</i>)</code>	name of the categorical latent variable; default is <code>lclabel(Class)</code>
<code>lcbase(#)</code>	base latent class
<code>constraints(<i>constraints</i>)</code>	apply specified linear constraints
SE/Robust	
<code>vce(<i>vcetype</i>)</code>	<i>vcetype</i> may be <code>oim</code> , <code>opg</code> , <code>robust</code> , or <code>cluster <i>clustvar</i></code>
Reporting	
<code>level(#)</code>	set confidence level; default is <code>level(95)</code>
<code>nocnsreport</code>	do not display constraints
<code>noheader</code>	do not display header above parameter table
<code>nodvheader</code>	do not display dependent variables information in the header
<code>notable</code>	do not display parameter table
<code>display_options</code>	control columns and column formats, row spacing, line width, display of omitted variables and base and empty cells, and factor-variable labeling
Maximization	
<code>maximize_options</code>	control the maximization process
<code>startvalues(<i>svmethod</i>)</code>	method for obtaining starting values; default is <code>startvalues(factor)</code>
<code>emopts(<i>maxopts</i>)</code>	control EM algorithm for improved starting values
<code>noestimate</code>	do not fit the model; show starting values instead
<code>collinear</code>	keep collinear variables
<code>coeflegend</code>	display legend instead of statistics

varlist may contain factor variables; see [U] 11.4.3 Factor variables.

`by`, `collect`, `statsby`, and `svy` are allowed; see [U] 11.1.10 Prefix commands.

`vce()` and weights are not allowed with the `svy` prefix; see [SVY] `svy`.

`fweights`, `iweights`, and `pweights` are allowed; see [U] 11.1.6 weight.

`collinear` and `coeflegend` do not appear in the dialog box.

See [U] 20 Estimation and postestimation commands for more capabilities of estimation commands.

For a detailed description of *fmmopts*, see *Options* in [FMM] `fmm`.

<i>pclassname</i>	Description
<code>cons</code>	intercepts and cutpoints
<code>coef</code>	fixed coefficients
<code>errvar</code>	covariances of errors
<code>scale</code>	scaling parameters
<code>all</code>	all the above
<code>none</code>	none of the above; the default

Remarks and examples

For a general introduction to finite mixture models, see [FMM] [fmm intro](#). For general information about truncated regression, see [R] [truncreg](#). For examples using fmm, see examples in [Contents](#).

Stored results

See *Stored results* in [FMM] [fmm](#).

Methods and formulas

See *Methods and formulas* in [FMM] [fmm](#).

Also see

[FMM] [fmm](#) — Finite mixture models using the fmm prefix

[FMM] [fmm intro](#) — Introduction to finite mixture models

[FMM] [fmm postestimation](#) — Postestimation tools for fmm

[FMM] [Glossary](#)

[R] [truncreg](#) — Truncated regression

[SVY] [svy estimation](#) — Estimation commands for survey data

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