### bayes: zip — Bayesian zero-inflated Poisson regression

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# **Description**

bayes: zip fits a Bayesian zero-inflated Poisson regression to a nonnegative count outcome with a high fraction of zeros; see [BAYES] bayes and [R] zip for details.

### **Quick start**

Bayesian zero-inflated Poisson regression of y on x1 and x2, using z to model excess zeros and using default normal priors for regression coefficients

```
bayes: zip y x1 x2, inflate(z)
```

Use a standard deviation of 10 instead of 100 for the default normal priors

```
bayes, normalprior(10): zip y x1 x2, inflate(z)
```

Use uniform priors for the slopes and a normal prior for the intercept of the main regression

```
bayes, prior({y: x1 x2}, uniform(-10,10)) ///
prior({y:_cons}, normal(0,10)): zip y x1 x2, inflate(z)
```

Save simulation results to simdata.dta, and use a random-number seed for reproducibility

```
bayes, saving(simdata) rseed(123): zip y x1 x2, inflate(z)
```

Specify 20,000 Markov chain Monte Carlo (MCMC) samples, set length of the burn-in period to 5,000, and request that a dot be displayed every 500 simulations

```
bayes, mcmcsize(20000) burnin(5000) dots(500): zip y x1 x2, inflate(z)
```

In the above, request that the 90% highest posterior density (HPD) credible interval be displayed instead of the default 95% equal-tailed credible interval

```
bayes, clevel (90) hpd
```

Display incidence-rate ratios instead of coefficients

```
bayes: zip y x1 x2, inflate(z) irr
```

Display incidence-rate ratios on replay

```
bayes, irr
```

Also see Quick start in [BAYES] bayes and Quick start in [R] zip.

#### Menu

Statistics > Count outcomes > Bayesian regression > Zero-inflated Poisson regression

# **Syntax**

```
inflate(varlist[, offset(varname)]|_cons) [options]
                                 Description
 options
Model
 inflate()
                                 equation that determines whether the count is zero
                                  suppress constant term
 noconstant
 exposure(varname<sub>e</sub>)
                                  include ln(varname<sub>e</sub>) in model with coefficient constrained to 1
 offset(varname_o)
                                  include varname, in model with coefficient constrained to 1
                                 use probit model to characterize excess zeros; default is logit
 probit
Reporting
 irr
                                 report incidence-rate ratios
 display_options
                                 control spacing, line width, and base and empty cells
                                 set credible level; default is level (95)
 level(#)
```

indepvars and varlist may contain factor variables; see [U] 11.4.3 Factor variables.

bayes [, bayesopts]: zip depvar [indepvars] [if] [in] [weight],

fweights are allowed; see [U] 11.1.6 weight.

blocksummary

 $^st$  noblocking

bayes: zip, level() is equivalent to bayes, clevel(): zip.

For a detailed description of options, see Options in [R] zip.

| bayesopts                    | Description                                                                                                   |  |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Priors                       |                                                                                                               |  |
| * normalprior(#)             | specify standard deviation of default normal priors for regression coefficients; default is normalprior (100) |  |
| <pre>prior(priorspec)</pre>  | prior for model parameters; this option may be repeated                                                       |  |
| dryrun                       | show model summary without estimation                                                                         |  |
| Simulation                   |                                                                                                               |  |
| nchains(#)                   | number of chains; default is to simulate one chain                                                            |  |
| <pre>mcmcsize(#)</pre>       | MCMC sample size; default is mcmcsize(10000)                                                                  |  |
| burnin(#)                    | burn-in period; default is burnin(2500)                                                                       |  |
| thinning(#)                  | thinning interval; default is thinning (1)                                                                    |  |
| rseed(#)                     | random-number seed                                                                                            |  |
| <pre>exclude(paramref)</pre> | specify model parameters to be excluded from the simulation results                                           |  |
| Blocking                     |                                                                                                               |  |
| *blocksize(#)                | maximum block size; default is blocksize (50)                                                                 |  |
| block(paramref[, blockopts]) | specify a block of model parameters; this option may be repeated                                              |  |

display block summary

do not block parameters by default

<sup>\*&</sup>lt;u>inf</u>late(varlist[, <u>off</u>set(varname) ]|\_cons) is required.

| Init | ıa | lıza: | tion |
|------|----|-------|------|

initial(initspec) specify initial values for model parameters with a single chain specify initial values for #th chain; requires nchains() init#(initspec) specify initial values for all chains; requires nchains() initall(initspec) nomleinitial suppress the use of maximum likelihood estimates as starting values initrandom specify random initial values initsummary display initial values used for simulation display output from the estimation command during initialization noisily Adaptation control the adaptive MCMC procedure adaptation(adaptopts) scale(#) initial multiplier for scale factor; default is scale (2.38) initial proposal covariance; default is the identity matrix covariance(cov) Reporting set credible interval level; default is clevel (95) clevel(#) display HPD credible intervals instead of the default equal-tailed hpd credible intervals report incidence-rate ratios \* irr report exponentiated coefficients and, optionally, label as string eform (string) batch(#) specify length of block for batch-means calculations; default is batch (0) saving(filename[, replace]) save simulation results to filename.dta suppress model summary nomodelsummary chainsdetail display detailed simulation summary for each chain suppress dots or display dots every 100 iterations and iteration no dots numbers every 1,000 iterations; default is nodots dots(#[, every(#)]) display dots as simulation is performed no show (paramref) specify model parameters to be excluded from or included in the output notable suppress estimation table suppress output header noheader title(string) display *string* as title above the table of parameter estimates

Advanced

display\_options

search(search\_options) control the search for feasible initial values corrlag(#) specify maximum autocorrelation lag; default varies specify autocorrelation tolerance; default is corrtol(0.01) corrtol(#)

control spacing, line width, and base and empty cells

Options prior() and block() may be repeated.

priorspec and paramref are defined in [BAYES] bayesmh.

paramref may contain factor variables; see [U] 11.4.3 Factor variables.

collect is allowed; see [U] 11.1.10 Prefix commands.

See [U] 20 Estimation and postestimation commands for more capabilities of estimation commands.

Model parameters are regression coefficients {depvar: indepvars} for the main regression and {inflate: varlist} for the inflation equation. Use the dryrun option to see the definitions of model parameters prior to estimation.

For a detailed description of *bayesopts*, see *Options* in [BAYES] bayes.

Starred options are specific to the bayes prefix; other options are common between bayes and bayesmh.

For a general introduction to Bayesian analysis, see [BAYES] **Intro**. For a general introduction to Bayesian estimation using an adaptive Metropolis–Hastings algorithm, see [BAYES] **bayesmh**. For remarks and examples specific to the bayes prefix, see [BAYES] **bayes**. For details about the estimation command, see [R] **zip**.

For a simple example of the bayes prefix, see *Introductory example* in [BAYES] **bayes**. Also see *Zero-inflated negative binomial model* in [BAYES] **bayes**.

### Stored results

See Stored results in [BAYES] bayes.

### Methods and formulas

See Methods and formulas in [BAYES] bayesmh.

### Also see

[BAYES] bayes — Bayesian regression models using the bayes prefix

[R] zip — Zero-inflated Poisson regression

[BAYES] Bayesian postestimation — Postestimation tools after Bayesian estimation

[BAYES] Bayesian estimation — Bayesian estimation commands

[BAYES] Bayesian commands — Introduction to commands for Bayesian analysis

[BAYES] Intro — Introduction to Bayesian analysis

[BAYES] Glossary

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