

Description

bayes: zioprobit fits a Bayesian zero-inflated ordered probit regression to an ordinal outcome with a high fraction of zeros; see [\[BAYES\] bayes](#) and [\[R\] zioprobit](#) for details.

Quick start

Bayesian zero-inflated ordered probit regression of *y* on *x1* and *x2*, using *z* to model excess zeros and using default normal priors for regression coefficients and flat priors for cutpoints

```
bayes: zioprobit y x1 x2, inflate(z)
```

Use a standard deviation of 10 instead of 100 for the default normal priors

```
bayes, normalprior(10): zioprobit y x1 x2, inflate(z)
```

Use uniform priors for the slopes and a normal prior for the intercept of the main regression

```
bayes, prior({y: x1 x2}, uniform(-10,10)) ///  
prior({y: _cons}, normal(0,10)): zioprobit y x1 x2, inflate(z)
```

Save simulation results to *simdata.dta*, and use a random-number seed for reproducibility

```
bayes, saving(simdata) rseed(123): ///  
zioprobit y x1 x2, inflate(z)
```

Specify 20,000 Markov chain Monte Carlo (MCMC) samples, set length of the burn-in period to 5,000, and request that a dot be displayed every 500 simulations

```
bayes, mcmcsample(20000) burnin(5000) dots(500): ///  
zioprobit y x1 x2, inflate(z)
```

In the above, request that the 90% highest posterior density (HPD) credible interval be displayed instead of the default 95% equal-tailed credible interval

```
bayes, clevel(90) hpd
```

Also see [Quick start](#) in [\[BAYES\] bayes](#) and [Quick start](#) in [\[R\] zioprobit](#).

Menu

Statistics > Ordinal outcomes > Bayesian regression > Zero-inflated ordered probit regression

Syntax

```
bayes [ , bayesopts ] : zioprobit depvar [indepvars] [if] [in] [weight] ,
    inflate(varlist [ , noconstant offset(varname) ] | _cons) [options]
```

options

Description

Model

* inflate() inflation equation that determines excess zero values
offset(*varname*) include *varname* in model with coefficient constrained to 1

Reporting

display_options control spacing, line width, and base and empty cells
level(#) set credible level; default is level(95)

*inflate(*varlist* [, noconstant offset(*varname*)] | _cons) is required.
indepvars and *varlist* may contain factor variables; see [U] 11.4.3 Factor variables.
fweights are allowed; see [U] 11.1.6 weight.
bayes: zioprobit, level() is equivalent to bayes, clevel(): zioprobit.
For a detailed description of *options*, see *Options* in [R] zioprobit.

bayesopts

Description

Priors

* normalprior(#) specify standard deviation of default normal priors for regression
 coefficients; default is normalprior(100)
prior(*priorspec*) prior for model parameters; this option may be repeated
dryrun show model summary without estimation

Simulation

nchains(#) number of chains; default is to simulate one chain
mcmcsize(#) MCMC sample size; default is mcmcsize(10000)
burnin(#) burn-in period; default is burnin(2500)
thinning(#) thinning interval; default is thinning(1)
rseed(#) random-number seed
exclude(*paramref*) specify model parameters to be excluded from the simulation results

Blocking

* blocksize(#) maximum block size; default is blocksize(50)
block(*paramref* [, *blockopts*]) specify a block of model parameters; this option may be repeated
blocksummary display block summary
* noblocking do not block parameters by default

Initialization

<code>initial(<i>initspec</i>)</code>	specify initial values for model parameters with a single chain
<code>init#(<i>initspec</i>)</code>	specify initial values for #th chain; requires <code>nchains()</code>
<code>initall(<i>initspec</i>)</code>	specify initial values for all chains; requires <code>nchains()</code>
<code>nomleinitial</code>	suppress the use of maximum likelihood estimates as starting values
<code>initrandom</code>	specify random initial values
<code>initsummary</code>	display initial values used for simulation
* <code>noisily</code>	display output from the estimation command during initialization

Adaptation

<code>adaptation(<i>adaptopts</i>)</code>	control the adaptive MCMC procedure
<code>scale(#)</code>	initial multiplier for scale factor; default is <code>scale(2.38)</code>
<code>covariance(cov)</code>	initial proposal covariance; default is the identity matrix

Reporting

<code>clevel(#)</code>	set credible interval level; default is <code>clevel(95)</code>
<code>hpd</code>	display HPD credible intervals instead of the default equal-tailed credible intervals
<code>eform[(<i>string</i>)]</code>	report exponentiated coefficients and, optionally, label as <i>string</i>
<code>batch(#)</code>	specify length of block for batch-means calculations; default is <code>batch(0)</code>
<code>saving(filename[, replace])</code>	save simulation results to <i>filename.dta</i>
<code>nomodelsummary</code>	suppress model summary
<code>chainsdetail</code>	display detailed simulation summary for each chain
<code>[no]dots</code>	suppress dots or display dots every 100 iterations and iteration numbers every 1,000 iterations; default is <code>nodots</code>
<code>dots#[, every(#)]</code>	display dots as simulation is performed
<code>[no]show(<i>paramref</i>)</code>	specify model parameters to be excluded from or included in the output
<code>notable</code>	suppress estimation table
<code>noheader</code>	suppress output header
<code>title(string)</code>	display <i>string</i> as title above the table of parameter estimates
<code>display_options</code>	control spacing, line width, and base and empty cells

Advanced

<code>search(<i>search_options</i>)</code>	control the search for feasible initial values
<code>corrlag(#)</code>	specify maximum autocorrelation lag; default varies
<code>corrtol(#)</code>	specify autocorrelation tolerance; default is <code>corrtol(0.01)</code>

* Starred options are specific to the bayes prefix; other options are common between bayes and `bayesmh`.

Options `prior()` and `block()` may be repeated.

priorspec and *paramref* are defined in [BAYES] `bayesmh`.

paramref may contain factor variables; see [U] 11.4.3 Factor variables.

collect is allowed; see [U] 11.1.10 Prefix commands.

See [U] 20 Estimation and postestimation commands for more capabilities of estimation commands.

Model parameters are regression coefficients `{depvar: indepvars}` for the main regression and `{inflate: varlist}` for the inflation equation and cutpoints `{cut1}`, `{cut2}`, and so on. Use the `dryrun` option to see the definitions of model parameters prior to estimation.

Flat priors, `flat`, are used by default for cutpoints.

For a detailed description of *bayesopts*, see Options in [BAYES] `bayes`.

Remarks and examples

For a general introduction to Bayesian analysis, see [BAYES] [Intro](#). For a general introduction to Bayesian estimation using an adaptive Metropolis–Hastings algorithm, see [BAYES] [bayesmh](#). For remarks and examples specific to the bayes prefix, see [BAYES] [bayes](#). For details about the estimation command, see [R] [zioprobit](#).

For a simple example of the bayes prefix, see *Introductory example* in [BAYES] [bayes](#). Also see *Zero-inflated negative binomial models* in [BAYES] [bayes](#).

Stored results

See *Stored results* in [BAYES] [bayes](#).

Methods and formulas

See *Methods and formulas* in [BAYES] [bayesmh](#).

Also see

[BAYES] [bayes](#) — Bayesian regression models using the bayes prefix

[R] [zioprobit](#) — Zero-inflated ordered probit regression

[BAYES] [Bayesian postestimation](#) — Postestimation tools after Bayesian estimation

[BAYES] [Bayesian estimation](#) — Bayesian estimation commands

[BAYES] [Bayesian commands](#) — Introduction to commands for Bayesian analysis

[BAYES] [Intro](#) — Introduction to Bayesian analysis

[BAYES] [Glossary](#)

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