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## Description

`bayes: zilogit` fits a Bayesian zero-inflated ordered logit regression to an ordinal outcome with a high fraction of zeros; see [\[BAYES\] bayes](#) and [\[R\] zilogit](#) for details.

## Quick start

Bayesian zero-inflated ordered logit regression of `y` on `x1` and `x2`, using `z` to model excess zeros and using default normal priors for regression coefficients and flat priors for cutpoints

```
bayes: zilogit y x1 x2, inflate(z)
```

Use a standard deviation of 10 instead of 100 for the default normal priors

```
bayes, normalprior(10): zilogit y x1 x2, inflate(z)
```

Use uniform priors for the slopes and a normal prior for the intercept of the main regression

```
bayes, prior({y: x1 x2}, uniform(-10,10)) ///
prior({y:_cons}, normal(0,10)): zilogit y x1 x2, inflate(z)
```

Save simulation results to `simdata.dta`, and use a random-number seed for reproducibility

```
bayes, saving(simdata) rseed(123): ///
zilogit y x1 x2, inflate(z)
```

Specify 20,000 Markov chain Monte Carlo (MCMC) samples, set length of the burn-in period to 5,000, and request that a dot be displayed every 500 simulations

```
bayes, mcmcsample(20000) burnin(5000) dots(500): ///
zilogit y x1 x2, inflate(z)
```

In the above, request that the 90% highest posterior density (HPD) credible interval be displayed instead of the default 95% equal-tailed credible interval

```
bayes, clevel(90) hpd
```

Display odds ratios instead of coefficients on replay

```
bayes, or
```

Also see [Quick start](#) in [\[BAYES\] bayes](#) and [Quick start](#) in [\[R\] zilogit](#).

## Menu

Statistics > Ordinal outcomes > Bayesian regression > Zero-inflated ordered logit regression

## Syntax

```
bayes [ , bayesopts ] : ziologit depvar [ indepvars ] [ if ] [ in ] [ weight ] ,  
  inflate(varlist [ , noconstant offset(varname) ] | _cons) [ options ]
```

<i>options</i>	Description
<b>Model</b>	
* <u>inflate</u> ( ) <u>offset</u> ( <i>varname</i> )	inflation equation that determines excess zero values include <i>varname</i> in model with coefficient constrained to 1
<b>Reporting</b>	
or <i>display_options</i>	report odds ratios control spacing, line width, and base and empty cells
<u>level</u> (#)	set credible level; default is level(95)
* <u>inflate</u> ( <i>varlist</i> [ , <u>noconstant</u> <u>offset</u> ( <i>varname</i> ) ]   <u>_cons</u> ) is required. <i>indepvars</i> and <i>varlist</i> may contain factor variables; see [U] 11.4.3 Factor variables. fweights are allowed; see [U] 11.1.6 weight. bayes: ziologit, level() is equivalent to bayes, clevel(): ziologit. For a detailed description of <i>options</i> , see <i>Options</i> in [R] ziologit.	

<i>bayesopts</i>	Description
<b>Priors</b>	
* <u>normalprior</u> (#)  <i>prior</i> ( <i>priorspec</i> ) <i>dryrun</i>	specify standard deviation of default normal priors for regression coefficients; default is normalprior(100) prior for model parameters; this option may be repeated show model summary without estimation
<b>Simulation</b>	
<i>nchains</i> (#) <i>mcmcsize</i> (#) <i>burnin</i> (#) <i>thinning</i> (#) <i>rseed</i> (#) <i>exclude</i> ( <i>paramref</i> )	number of chains; default is to simulate one chain MCMC sample size; default is mcmcsize(10000) burn-in period; default is burnin(2500) thinning interval; default is thinning(1) random-number seed specify model parameters to be excluded from the simulation results
<b>Blocking</b>	
* <i>blocksize</i> (#) <i>block</i> ( <i>paramref</i> [ , <i>blockopts</i> ] ) <i>blocksummary</i> * <i>noblocking</i>	maximum block size; default is blocksize(50) specify a block of model parameters; this option may be repeated display block summary do not block parameters by default

#### Initialization

<code><u>initial</u>(<i>initspec</i>)</code>	specify initial values for model parameters with a single chain
<code><u>init</u>#(<i>initspec</i>)</code>	specify initial values for #th chain; requires <code>nchains()</code>
<code><u>initall</u>(<i>initspec</i>)</code>	specify initial values for all chains; requires <code>nchains()</code>
<code><u>nomleinitial</u></code>	suppress the use of maximum likelihood estimates as starting values
<code><u>initrandom</u></code>	specify random initial values
<code><u>initsummary</u></code>	display initial values used for simulation
* <code><u>noisily</u></code>	display output from the estimation command during initialization

#### Adaptation

<code><u>adaptation</u>(<i>adaptopts</i>)</code>	control the adaptive MCMC procedure
<code><u>scale</u>(#)</code>	initial multiplier for scale factor; default is <code>scale(2.38)</code>
<code><u>covariance</u>(<i>cov</i>)</code>	initial proposal covariance; default is the identity matrix

#### Reporting

<code><u>clevel</u>(#)</code>	set credible interval level; default is <code>clevel(95)</code>
<code><u>hpd</u></code>	display HPD credible intervals instead of the default equal-tailed credible intervals
* <code><u>or</u></code>	report odds ratios
<code><u>eform</u>[ (<i>string</i>) ]</code>	report exponentiated coefficients and, optionally, label as <i>string</i>
<code><u>batch</u>(#)</code>	specify length of block for batch-means calculations; default is <code>batch(0)</code>
<code><u>saving</u>(<i>filename</i>[ , replace ])</code>	save simulation results to <i>filename.dta</i>
<code><u>nomodelsummary</u></code>	suppress model summary
<code><u>chainsdetail</u></code>	display detailed simulation summary for each chain
<code>[ no ] dots</code>	suppress dots or display dots every 100 iterations and iteration numbers every 1,000 iterations; default is <code>nodots</code>
<code>dots(#[ , every(#) ])</code>	display dots as simulation is performed
<code>[ no ] show(<i>paramref</i>)</code>	specify model parameters to be excluded from or included in the output
<code><u>notable</u></code>	suppress estimation table
<code><u>noheader</u></code>	suppress output header
<code><u>title</u>(<i>string</i>)</code>	display <i>string</i> as title above the table of parameter estimates
<code><u>display_options</u></code>	control spacing, line width, and base and empty cells

#### Advanced

<code><u>search</u>(<i>search_options</i>)</code>	control the search for feasible initial values
<code><u>corrlag</u>(#)</code>	specify maximum autocorrelation lag; default varies
<code><u>corrtol</u>(#)</code>	specify autocorrelation tolerance; default is <code>corrtol(0.01)</code>

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\* Starred options are specific to the `bays` prefix; other options are common between `bays` and `bayesmh`.

Options `prior()` and `block()` may be repeated.

*priorspec* and *paramref* are defined in [BAYES] `bayesmh`.

*paramref* may contain factor variables; see [U] 11.4.3 **Factor variables**.

`collect` is allowed; see [U] 11.1.10 **Prefix commands**.

See [U] 20 **Estimation and postestimation commands** for more capabilities of estimation commands.

Model parameters are regression coefficients `{depvar:indepvars}` for the main regression and `{inflate:varlist}` for the inflation equation and cutpoints `{cut1}`, `{cut2}`, and so on. Use the `dryrun` option to see the definitions of model parameters prior to estimation.

Flat priors, `flat`, are used by default for cutpoints.

For a detailed description of *bayesopts*, see *Options* in [BAYES] **bayes**.

## Remarks and examples

For a general introduction to Bayesian analysis, see [BAYES] **Intro**. For a general introduction to Bayesian estimation using an adaptive Metropolis–Hastings algorithm, see [BAYES] **bayesmh**. For remarks and examples specific to the `bayes` prefix, see [BAYES] **bayes**. For details about the estimation command, see [R] **ziologit**.

For a simple example of the `bayes` prefix, see *Introductory example* in [BAYES] **bayes**. Also see *Zero-inflated negative binomial models* in [BAYES] **bayes**.

## Stored results

See *Stored results* in [BAYES] **bayes**.

## Methods and formulas

See *Methods and formulas* in [BAYES] **bayesmh**.

## Also see

[BAYES] **bayes** — Bayesian regression models using the `bayes` prefix

[R] **ziologit** — Zero-inflated ordered logit regression

[BAYES] **Bayesian postestimation** — Postestimation tools after Bayesian estimation

[BAYES] **Bayesian estimation** — Bayesian estimation commands

[BAYES] **Bayesian commands** — Introduction to commands for Bayesian analysis

[BAYES] **Intro** — Introduction to Bayesian analysis

[BAYES] **Glossary**

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