

bayes: xtologit — Bayesian random-effects ordered logistic model
[Description](#)[Remarks and examples](#)[Quick start](#)[Stored results](#)[Menu](#)[Methods and formulas](#)[Syntax](#)[Also see](#)

Description

`bayes: xtologit` fits a Bayesian panel-data random-effects ordered logistic model to an ordinal outcome; see [\[BAYES\] bayes](#) and [\[XT\] xtologit](#) for details.

Quick start

Bayesian random-effects ordered logistic model of `y` on `x1` and `x2` with random intercepts by `id` (after `xtset`ing on panel variable `id`), using default normal priors for regression coefficients and flat priors for cutpoints and default inverse-gamma prior for the variance of random intercepts

```
bayes: xtologit y x1 x2
```

Use a standard deviation of 10 instead of 100 for the default normal priors

```
bayes, normalprior(10): xtologit y x1 x2
```

Use a shape of 1 and a scale of 2 instead of values of 0.01 for the default inverse-gamma prior

```
bayes, igammaprior(1 2): xtologit y x1 x2
```

Use uniform priors for the slopes and a normal prior for the intercept

```
bayes, prior({y: x1 x2}, uniform(-10,10)) ///
prior({y:_cons}, normal(0,10)): xtologit y x1 x2
```

Save simulation results to `simdata.dta`, and use a random-number seed for reproducibility

```
bayes, saving(simdata) rseed(123): xtologit y x1 x2
```

Specify 20,000 Markov chain Monte Carlo (MCMC) samples, set length of the burn-in period to 5,000, and request that a dot be displayed every 500 simulations

```
bayes, mcmcsize(20000) burnin(5000) dots(500): xtologit y x1 x2
```

In the above, request that the 90% highest posterior density (HPD) credible interval be displayed instead of the default 95% equal-tailed credible interval

```
bayes, clevel(90) hpd
```

Report odds ratios instead of regression coefficients

```
bayes, or
```

Also see [Quick start](#) in [\[BAYES\] bayes](#) and [Quick start](#) in [\[XT\] xtologit](#).

Menu

Statistics > Longitudinal/panel data > Ordinal outcomes > Bayesian regression > Ordered logistic regression

Syntax

```
bayes [ , bayesopts ] : xtologit depvar [indepvars] [if] [in] [weight] [ , options ]
```

<i>options</i>	Description
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Model	
<code>offset(<i>varname</i>)</code>	include <i>varname</i> in model with coefficient constrained to 1
Reporting	
<code>or</code>	report odds ratios
<code>display_options</code>	control spacing, line width, and base and empty cells
<code>level(#)</code>	set credible level; default is level(95)

A panel variable must be specified; see [XT] [xtset](#).

indepvars may contain factor variables; see [U] [11.4.3 Factor variables](#).

depvar and *indepvars* may contain time-series operators; see [U] [11.4.4 Time-series varlists](#).

fweights are allowed; see [U] [11.1.6 weight](#).

`bayes: xtologit`, `level()` is equivalent to `bayes`, `clevel(): xtologit`.

For a detailed description of *options*, see [Options](#) in [XT] [xtologit](#).

<i>bayesopts</i>	Description
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Priors	
* <code>normalprior(#)</code>	specify standard deviation of default normal priors for regression coefficients; default is <code>normalprior(100)</code>
* <code>igammaprior(##)</code>	specify shape and scale of default inverse-gamma prior for variance components; default is <code>igammaprior(0.01 0.01)</code>
<code>prior(<i>priorspec</i>)</code>	prior for model parameters; this option may be repeated
<code>dryrun</code>	show model summary without estimation

Simulation

<code>nchains(#)</code>	number of chains; default is to simulate one chain
<code>mcmcsize(#)</code>	MCMC sample size; default is <code>mcmcsize(10000)</code>
<code>burnin(#)</code>	burn-in period; default is <code>burnin(2500)</code>
<code>thinning(#)</code>	thinning interval; default is <code>thinning(1)</code>
<code>rseed(#)</code>	random-number seed
<code>exclude(<i>paramref</i>)</code>	specify model parameters to be excluded from the simulation results

Blocking

`block(paramref [, blockopts])` specify a block of model parameters; this option may be repeated

`blocksummary` display block summary

Initialization

<code>initial(<i>initspec</i>)</code>	specify initial values for model parameters with a single chain
<code>init#(<i>initspec</i>)</code>	specify initial values for #th chain; requires <code>nchains()</code>
<code>initall(<i>initspec</i>)</code>	specify initial values for all chains; requires <code>nchains()</code>
<code>nomleinitial</code>	suppress the use of maximum likelihood estimates as starting values
<code>initransom</code>	specify random initial values
<code>initsummary</code>	display initial values used for simulation
* <code>noisily</code>	display output from the estimation command during initialization

Adaptation

`adaptation`(*adaptopts*) control the adaptive MCMC procedure
`scale`(#) initial multiplier for scale factor; default is `scale(2.38)`
`covariance`(*cov*) initial proposal covariance; default is the identity matrix

Reporting

`clevel`(#) set credible interval level; default is `clevel(95)`
`hpd` display HPD credible intervals instead of the default equal-tailed credible intervals

* `or` report odds ratios
`eform`[(*string*)] report exponentiated coefficients and, optionally, label as *string*
`remargl` compute log marginal-likelihood; suppressed by default
`batch`(#) specify length of block for batch-means calculations; default is `batch(0)`
`saving`(*filename*[, `replace`]) save simulation results to *filename.dta*
`nomodelsummary` suppress model summary
`chainsdetail` display detailed simulation summary for each chain
`[no]dots` suppress dots or display dots every 100 iterations and iteration numbers every 1,000 iterations; default is `nodots`
`dots`(#[, `every`(#)]) display dots as simulation is performed
`[no]show`(*paramref*) specify model parameters to be excluded from or included in the output
`showeffects`[(*refref*)] specify that all or a subset of random-effects parameters be included in the output
`notable` suppress estimation table
`noheader` suppress output header
`title`(*string*) display *string* as title above the table of parameter estimates
`display_options` control spacing, line width, and base and empty cells

Advanced

`search`(*search_options*) control the search for feasible initial values
`corrlag`(#) specify maximum autocorrelation lag; default varies
`corrtol`(#) specify autocorrelation tolerance; default is `corrtol(0.01)`

*Starred options are specific to the `bayes` prefix; other options are common between `bayes` and `bayesmh`.

Options `prior`() and `block`() may be repeated.

priorspec and *paramref* are defined in [BAYES] `bayesmh`.

paramref may contain factor variables; see [U] 11.4.3 Factor variables.

`collect` is allowed; see [U] 11.1.10 Prefix commands.

See [U] 20 Estimation and postestimation commands for more capabilities of estimation commands.

Model parameters are regression coefficients {*depvar: indepvars*}, cutpoints {*cut1*}, {*cut2*}, and so on, random effects {*U[panelvar]*} or simply {*U*}, and random-effects variance {*var_U*}. Use the `dryrun` option to see the definitions of model parameters prior to estimation.

Flat priors, `flat`, are used by default for cutpoints.

For a detailed description of *bayesopts*, see *Options* in [BAYES] `bayes`.

Remarks and examples

[stata.com](http://www.stata.com)

For a general introduction to Bayesian analysis, see [BAYES] `Intro`. For a general introduction to Bayesian estimation using an adaptive Metropolis–Hastings algorithm, see [BAYES] `bayesmh`. For

remarks and examples specific to the `bayes` prefix, see [\[BAYES\] bayes](#). For details about the estimation command, see [\[XT\] xtologit](#).

For a simple example of the `bayes` prefix, see *Introductory example* in [\[BAYES\] bayes](#). Also see *Panel-data models* in [\[BAYES\] bayes](#). Also see [example 19](#) in [\[BAYES\] bayes](#).

Stored results

See *Stored results* in [\[BAYES\] bayes](#). In addition, `bayes: xtologit` also stores the following results:

Macros	
<code>e(ivar)</code>	variable denoting groups
<code>e(redistrib)</code>	distribution of random effects

Methods and formulas

See *Methods and formulas* in [\[BAYES\] bayesmh](#).

Also see

[\[BAYES\] bayes](#) — Bayesian regression models using the `bayes` prefix

[\[XT\] xtologit](#) — Random-effects ordered logistic models

[\[BAYES\] Bayesian postestimation](#) — Postestimation tools for `bayesmh` and the `bayes` prefix

[\[BAYES\] Bayesian estimation](#) — Bayesian estimation commands

[\[BAYES\] Bayesian commands](#) — Introduction to commands for Bayesian analysis

[\[BAYES\] Intro](#) — Introduction to Bayesian analysis

[\[BAYES\] Glossary](#)