

**bayes: truncreg** — Bayesian truncated regression
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## Description

`bayes: truncreg` fits a Bayesian truncated linear regression to a continuous outcome; see [\[BAYES\] bayes](#) and [\[R\] truncreg](#) for details.

## Quick start

Bayesian truncated linear regression of `y` on `x1` and `x2`, using a lower truncation limit of 17 and using default normal priors for regression coefficients and default inverse-gamma prior for the variance

```
bayes: truncreg y x1 x2, ll(17)
```

Use a standard deviation of 10 instead of 100 for the default normal priors

```
bayes, normalprior(10): truncreg y x1 x2, ll(17)
```

Use a shape of 1 and a scale of 2 instead of values of 0.01 for the default inverse-gamma prior

```
bayes, igammaprior(1 2): truncreg y x1 x2, ll(17)
```

Use uniform priors for the slopes and a normal prior for the intercept

```
bayes, prior({y: x1 x2}, uniform(-10,10)) ///
prior({y:_cons}, normal(0,10)): truncreg y x1 x2, ll(17)
```

Save simulation results to `simdata.dta`, and use a random-number seed for reproducibility

```
bayes, saving(simdata) rseed(123):, ///
truncreg y x1 x2, ll(17)
```

Specify 20,000 Markov chain Monte Carlo (MCMC) samples, set length of the burn-in period to 5,000, and request that a dot be displayed every 500 simulations

```
bayes, mcmcsample(20000) burnin(5000) dots(500):, ///
truncreg y x1 x2, ll(17)
```

In the above, request that the 90% highest posterior density (HPD) credible interval be displayed instead of the default 95% equal-tailed credible interval

```
bayes, clevel(90) hpd
```

Also see [Quick start](#) in [\[BAYES\] bayes](#) and [Quick start](#) in [\[R\] truncreg](#).

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## Syntax

```
bayes [ , bayesopts ] : truncreg depar [indepvars] [if] [in] [weight] [ , options ]
```

<i>options</i>	Description
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<b>Model</b>	
<code>noconstant</code>	suppress constant term
<code>ll(<i>varname</i>   #)</code>	left-truncation variable or limit
<code>ul(<i>varname</i>   #)</code>	right-truncation variable or limit
<code>offset(<i>varname</i>)</code>	include <i>varname</i> in model with coefficient constrained to 1

<b>Reporting</b>	
<code>display_options</code>	control spacing, line width, and base and empty cells
<code>_level(#)</code>	set credible level; default is level(95)

*indepvars* may contain factor variables; see [U] 11.4.3 Factor variables.

*depar* and *indepvars* may contain time-series operators; see [U] 11.4.4 Time-series varlists.

fweights are allowed; see [U] 11.1.6 weight.

bayes: truncreg, level() is equivalent to bayes, clevel(): truncreg.

For a detailed description of *options*, see *Options* in [R] truncreg.

<i>bayesopts</i>	Description
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<b>Priors</b>	
* <code>normalprior(#)</code>	specify standard deviation of default normal priors for regression coefficients; default is normalprior(100)
* <code>igammaprior(# #)</code>	specify shape and scale of default inverse-gamma prior for variance; default is igammaprior(0.01 0.01)
<code>prior(<i>priorspec</i>)</code>	prior for model parameters; this option may be repeated
<code>dryrun</code>	show model summary without estimation

<b>Simulation</b>	
<code>nchains(#)</code>	number of chains; default is to simulate one chain
<code>mcmcsize(#)</code>	MCMC sample size; default is mcmcsize(10000)
<code>burnin(#)</code>	burn-in period; default is burnin(2500)
<code>thinning(#)</code>	thinning interval; default is thinning(1)
<code>rseed(#)</code>	random-number seed
<code>exclude(<i>paramref</i>)</code>	specify model parameters to be excluded from the simulation results

<b>Blocking</b>	
* <code>blocksize(#)</code>	maximum block size; default is blocksize(50)
<code>block(<i>paramref</i> [ , <i>blockopts</i> ])</code>	specify a block of model parameters; this option may be repeated
<code>blocksummary</code>	display block summary
* <code>noblocking</code>	do not block parameters by default

Initialization

<code><u>initial</u>(<i>initspec</i>)</code>	specify initial values for model parameters with a single chain
<code>init#(<i>initspec</i>)</code>	specify initial values for #th chain; requires <code>nchains()</code>
<code>initall(<i>initspec</i>)</code>	specify initial values for all chains; requires <code>nchains()</code>
<code>nomleinitial</code>	suppress the use of maximum likelihood estimates as starting values
<code><u>initrandom</u></code>	specify random initial values
<code><u>initsummary</u></code>	display initial values used for simulation
* <code>noisily</code>	display output from the estimation command during initialization

Adaptation

<code><u>adaptation</u>(<i>adaptopts</i>)</code>	control the adaptive MCMC procedure
<code><u>scale</u>(#)</code>	initial multiplier for scale factor; default is <code>scale(2.38)</code>
<code><u>covariance</u>(<i>cov</i>)</code>	initial proposal covariance; default is the identity matrix

Reporting

<code><u>clevel</u>(#)</code>	set credible interval level; default is <code>clevel(95)</code>
<code>hpd</code>	display HPD credible intervals instead of the default equal-tailed credible intervals
<code><u>eform</u>[ (<i>string</i>) ]</code>	report exponentiated coefficients and, optionally, label as <i>string</i>
<code>batch(#)</code>	specify length of block for batch-means calculations; default is <code>batch(0)</code>
<code><u>saving</u>(<i>filename</i>[ , <i>replace</i> ])</code>	save simulation results to <i>filename.dta</i>
<code><u>nomodelsummary</u></code>	suppress model summary
<code>chainsdetail</code>	display detailed simulation summary for each chain
<code>[ <i>no</i> ]dots</code>	suppress dots or display dots every 100 iterations and iteration numbers every 1,000 iterations; default is <code>nodots</code>
<code>dots(#[ , <i>every</i>(#) ])</code>	display dots as simulation is performed
<code>[ <i>no</i> ]show(<i>paramref</i>)</code>	specify model parameters to be excluded from or included in the output
<code><u>notable</u></code>	suppress estimation table
<code><u>noheader</u></code>	suppress output header
<code>title(<i>string</i>)</code>	display <i>string</i> as title above the table of parameter estimates
<code><u>display_options</u></code>	control spacing, line width, and base and empty cells

Advanced

<code><u>search</u>(<i>search_options</i>)</code>	control the search for feasible initial values
<code>corrlag(#)</code>	specify maximum autocorrelation lag; default varies
<code>corrtol(#)</code>	specify autocorrelation tolerance; default is <code>corrtol(0.01)</code>

\*Starred options are specific to the `bayes` prefix; other options are common between `bayes` and `bayesmh`.

Options `prior()` and `block()` may be repeated.

`priorspec` and `paramref` are defined in [BAYES] `bayesmh`.

`paramref` may contain factor variables; see [U] 11.4.3 Factor variables.

`collect` is allowed; see [U] 11.1.10 Prefix commands.

See [U] 20 Estimation and postestimation commands for more capabilities of estimation commands.

Model parameters are regression coefficients `{depvar: indepvars}` and variance `{sigma2}`. Use the `dryrun` option to see the definitions of model parameters prior to estimation.

For a detailed description of `bayesopts`, see `Options` in [BAYES] `bayes`.

## Remarks and examples

For a general introduction to Bayesian analysis, see [\[BAYES\] Intro](#). For a general introduction to Bayesian estimation using an adaptive Metropolis–Hastings algorithm, see [\[BAYES\] bayesmh](#). For remarks and examples specific to the `bayes` prefix, see [\[BAYES\] bayes](#). For details about the estimation command, see [\[R\] truncreg](#).

For a simple example of the `bayes` prefix, see *Introductory example* in [\[BAYES\] bayes](#).

## Stored results

See *Stored results* in [\[BAYES\] bayes](#).

## Methods and formulas

See *Methods and formulas* in [\[BAYES\] bayesmh](#).

## Also see

[\[BAYES\] bayes](#) — Bayesian regression models using the `bayes` prefix

[\[R\] truncreg](#) — Truncated regression

[\[BAYES\] Bayesian postestimation](#) — Postestimation tools for `bayesmh` and the `bayes` prefix

[\[BAYES\] Bayesian estimation](#) — Bayesian estimation commands

[\[BAYES\] Bayesian commands](#) — Introduction to commands for Bayesian analysis

[\[BAYES\] Intro](#) — Introduction to Bayesian analysis

[\[BAYES\] Glossary](#)