bayes: melogit — Bayesian multilevel logistic regression

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Description

bayes: melogit fits a Bayesian multilevel logistic regression to a binary outcome; see [BAYES] bayes and [ME] melogit for details.

Quick start

Bayesian two-level logistic regression of y on x1 and x2 with random intercepts by id, using default normal priors for regression coefficients and default inverse-gamma prior for the variance of random intercepts

```
bayes: melogit y x1 x2 || id:
```

Use a standard deviation of 10 instead of 100 for the default normal priors

```
bayes, normalprior(10): melogit y x1 x2 || id:
```

Use uniform priors for the slopes and a normal prior for the intercept

```
bayes, prior({y: x1 x2}, uniform(-10,10)) ///
prior({y:_cons}, normal(0,10)): melogit y x1 x2 || id:
```

Save simulation results to simdata.dta, and use a random-number seed for reproducibility

```
bayes, saving(simdata) rseed(123): melogit y x1 x2 || id:
```

Specify 20,000 Markov chain Monte Carlo (MCMC) samples, set length of the burn-in period to 5,000, and request that a dot be displayed every 500 simulations

```
bayes, mcmcsize(20000) burnin(5000) dots(500): melogit y x1 x2 || id:
```

In the above, request that the 90% highest posterior density (HPD) credible interval be displayed instead of the default 95% equal-tailed credible interval

```
bayes, clevel (90) hpd
```

Display odds ratios instead of coefficients

```
bayes: melogit y x1 x2 || id: , or
```

Display odds ratios on replay

```
bayes, or
```

Also see Quick start in [BAYES] bayes and Quick start in [ME] melogit.

Menu

Statistics > Multilevel mixed-effects models > Bayesian regression > Logistic regression

```
bayes [ , bayesopts] : melogit depvar fe_equation
[ | | re_equation ] [ | | re_equation . . . ] [ , options]
```

where the syntax of fe_equation is

and the syntax of *re_equation* is one of the following:

for random coefficients and intercepts

for random effects among the values of a factor variable

levelvar: R. varname

levelvar either is a variable identifying the group structure for the random effects at that level or is _all, representing one group comprising all observations.

fe_options	Description		
Model			
<u>nocons</u> tant	suppress constant term from the fixed-effects equation include <i>varname</i> in model with coefficient constrained to 1 retain perfect predictor variables		
<pre>offset(varname)</pre>			
asis			
re_options	Description		
Model			
<pre>covariance(vartype)</pre>	variance—covariance structure of the random effects; only structures independent, exchangeable, identity, and unstructured are supported		
noconstant	suppress constant term from the random-effects equation		
options	Description		
Model			
<pre>binomial(varname #)</pre>	set binomial trials if data are in binomial form		
Reporting			
or	report odds ratios		
<u>notab</u> le	suppress coefficient table		
<u>nohead</u> er	suppress output header		
nogroup	suppress table summarizing groups		
display_options	control spacing, line width, and base and empty cells		
<u>l</u> evel(#)	set credible level; default is level(95)		

indepvars may contain factor variables; see [U] 11.4.3 Factor variables. depvar, indepvars, and varlist may contain time-series operators; see [U] 11.4.4 Time-series varlists. fweights are allowed; see [U] 11.1.6 weight. bayes: melogit, level() is equivalent to bayes, clevel(): melogit. For a detailed description of options, see Options in [ME] melogit. Description bayesopts **Priors** normalprior(#) specify standard deviation of default normal priors for regression coefficients; default is normalprior (100) specify shape and scale of default inverse-gamma prior for *igammaprior(##) variance components; default is igammaprior (0.010.01) * iwishartprior($\#[\ldots]$) specify degrees of freedom and, optionally, scale matrix of default inverse-Wishart prior for unstructured random-effects covariance prior for model parameters; this option may be repeated prior(priorspec) show model summary without estimation dryrun Simulation number of chains; default is to simulate one chain nchains(#) mcmcsize(#) MCMC sample size; default is mcmcsize (10000) burnin(#) burn-in period; default is burnin (2500) thinning(#) thinning interval; default is thinning (1) rseed(#) random-number seed exclude(paramref) specify model parameters to be excluded from the simulation results restubs(restub1 restub2...) specify stubs for random-effects parameters for all levels Blocking *blocksize(#) maximum block size; default is blocksize (50) specify a block of model parameters; this option may be repeated block(paramref[, blockopts]) display block summary blocksummary do not block parameters by default * noblocking Initialization initial(initspec) specify initial values for model parameters with a single chain init#(initspec) specify initial values for #th chain; requires nchains() specify initial values for all chains; requires nchains() initall(initspec) suppress the use of maximum likelihood estimates as starting values nomleinitial specify random initial values initrandom display initial values used for simulation initsummary noisily display output from the estimation command during initialization

Adaptation

adaptation(adaptopts)

scale(#) covariance(cov) control the adaptive MCMC procedure

initial multiplier for scale factor; default is scale (2.38) initial proposal covariance; default is the identity matrix

Re	nn	rti	n	n

<pre>clevel(#)</pre>	set credible interval level; default is clevel (95)		
hpd	display HPD credible intervals instead of the default equal-tailed credible intervals		
* or	report odds ratios		
<pre>eform[(string)]</pre>	report exponentiated coefficients and, optionally, label as string		
remargl	compute log marginal-likelihood		
batch(#)	specify length of block for batch-means calculations; default is batch(0)		
<pre>saving(filename[, replace])</pre>	save simulation results to filename.dta		
<u>nomodelsumm</u> ary	suppress model summary		
<u>nomesumm</u> ary	suppress multilevel-structure summary		
chainsdetail	display detailed simulation summary for each chain		
[no]dots	suppress dots or display dots every 100 iterations and iteration numbers every 1,000 iterations; default is dots		
dots(#[, every(#)])	display dots as simulation is performed		
[no]show(paramref)	specify model parameters to be excluded from or included in the output		
<pre>showreffects[(reref)]</pre>	specify that all or a subset of random-effects parameters be included in the output		
melabel	display estimation table using the same row labels as melogit		
nogroup	suppress table summarizing groups		
<u>notab</u> le	suppress estimation table		
<u>nohead</u> er	suppress output header		
title(string)	display string as title above the table of parameter estimates		
display_options	control spacing, line width, and base and empty cells		
Advanced			
<pre>search(search_options)</pre>	control the search for feasible initial values		
corrlag(#)	specify maximum autocorrelation lag; default varies		
corrtol(#)	specify autocorrelation tolerance; default is corrtol(0.01)		

^{*} Starred options are specific to the bayes prefix; other options are common between bayes and bayesmh.

Options prior() and block() may be repeated.

priorspec and paramref are defined in [BAYES] bayesmh.

paramref may contain factor variables; see [U] 11.4.3 Factor variables.

collect is allowed; see [U] 11.1.10 Prefix commands.

See [U] 20 Estimation and postestimation commands for more capabilities of estimation commands.

Model parameters are regression coefficients {depvar:indepvars}, random effects {rename}, and either variance components {rename:sigma2} or, if option covariance(unstructured) is specified, matrix parameter {restub:Sigma,matrix}; see Likelihood model in [BAYES] bayes for how renames and restub are defined. Use the dryrun option to see the definitions of model parameters prior to estimation.

For a detailed description of bayesopts, see Options in [BAYES] bayes.

Remarks and examples

For a general introduction to Bayesian analysis, see [BAYES] **Intro**. For a general introduction to Bayesian estimation using an adaptive Metropolis–Hastings algorithm, see [BAYES] **bayesmh**. For remarks and examples specific to the bayes prefix, see [BAYES] **bayes**. For details about the estimation command, see [ME] **melogit**.

For a simple example of the bayes prefix, see Introductory example in [BAYES] bayes. For multilevel examples, see Multilevel models in [BAYES] bayes.

Stored results

See Stored results in [BAYES] bayes.

Methods and formulas

See Methods and formulas in [BAYES] bayesmh.

Also see

```
[BAYES] bayes — Bayesian regression models using the bayes prefix
[ME] melogit — Multilevel mixed-effects logistic regression
[BAYES] Bayesian postestimation — Postestimation tools after Bayesian estimation
[BAYES] Bayesian estimation — Bayesian estimation commands
[BAYES] Bayesian commands — Introduction to commands for Bayesian analysis
[BAYES] Intro — Introduction to Bayesian analysis
[BAYES] Glossary
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