# bayes: logit — Bayesian logistic regression, reporting coefficients

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Also see

# **Description**

bayes: logit fits a Bayesian logistic regression to a binary outcome; see [BAYES] bayes and [R] logit for details.

# **Quick start**

Bayesian logistic regression of y on x1 and x2, using default normal priors for regression coefficients

bayes: logit y x1 x2

Use a standard deviation of 10 instead of 100 for the default normal priors

bayes, normalprior(10): logit y x1 x2

Use uniform priors for the slopes and a normal prior for the intercept

bayes, prior({y: x1 x2}, uniform(-10,10)) ///
prior({y:\_cons}, normal(0,10)): logit y x1 x2

Save simulation results to simdata.dta, and use a random-number seed for reproducibility

bayes, saving(simdata) rseed(123): logit y x1 x2

Specify 20,000 Markov chain Monte Carlo (MCMC) samples, set length of the burn-in period to 5,000, and request that a dot be displayed every 500 simulations

bayes, mcmcsize(20000) burnin(5000) dots(500): logit y x1 x2

In the above, request that the 90% highest posterior density (HPD) credible interval be displayed instead of the default 95% equal-tailed credible interval

bayes, clevel (90) hpd

Display odds ratios instead of coefficients

bayes: logit y x1 x2, or

Display odds ratios on replay

bayes, or

Also see Quick start in [BAYES] bayes and Quick start in [R] logit.

# Menu

Statistics > Binary outcomes > Bayesian regression > Logistic regression

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{\tt bayes} \ [ \ \textit{, bayesopts} \ ] : \texttt{logit} \ \textit{depvar} \ [ \ \textit{indepvars} \ ] \ [ \textit{if} \ ] \ [ \textit{in} \ ] \ [ \textit{weight} \ ] \ [ \ \textit{, options} \ ]
```

options 1	Description	
Model noconstant	suppress constant term	
<pre>offset(varname)</pre>	nclude <i>varname</i> in model with coefficient constrained to 1 etain perfect predictor variables	
Reporting		
	port odds ratios ontrol spacing, line width, and base and empty cells	
<u>l</u> evel(#)	set credible level; default is level(95)	
indepvars may contain factor variable depvar and indepvars may contain the fweights are allowed; see [U] 11.1.0 bayes: logit, level() is equivation of options,	me-series operators; see [U] 11.4.4 Time-series varlists. 6 weight. lent to bayes, clevel(): logit.	
bayesopts	Description	
Priors		
* normalprior(#)	specify standard deviation of default normal priors for regression coefficients; default is normalprior(100)	
<pre>prior(priorspec) dryrun</pre>	prior for model parameters; this option may be repeated show model summary without estimation	
Simulation nchains(#) mcmcsize(#) burnin(#) thinning(#) rseed(#) exclude(paramref)	number of chains; default is to simulate one chain MCMC sample size; default is mcmcsize(10000) burn-in period; default is burnin(2500) thinning interval; default is thinning(1) random-number seed specify model parameters to be excluded from the simulation results	
* blocksize(#) block(paramref[, blockopts blocksummary * noblocking	maximum block size; default is blocksize(50)  ]) specify a block of model parameters; this option may be repeated display block summary do not block parameters by default	

	tion

Initialization	
<u>init</u> ial( <i>initspec</i> )	specify initial values for model parameters with a single chain
<pre>init#(initspec)</pre>	specify initial values for #th chain; requires nchains()
<pre>initall(initspec)</pre>	specify initial values for all chains; requires nchains()
<u>nomleinit</u> ial	suppress the use of maximum likelihood estimates as starting values
<u>initrand</u> om	specify random initial values
<u>initsumm</u> ary	display initial values used for simulation
* <u>noi</u> sily	display output from the estimation command during initialization
Adaptation	
adaptation(adaptopts)	control the adaptive MCMC procedure
scale(#)	initial multiplier for scale factor; default is scale (2.38)
$\underline{cov}$ ariance( $cov$ )	initial proposal covariance; default is the identity matrix
Reporting	
<pre>clevel(#)</pre>	set credible interval level; default is clevel(95)
hpd	display HPD credible intervals instead of the default equal-tailed credible intervals
* or	report odds ratios
<pre>eform[(string)]</pre>	report exponentiated coefficients and, optionally, label as string
batch(#)	specify length of block for batch-means calculations; default is batch(0)
$\underline{\mathtt{sav}}\mathtt{ing}(\mathit{filename}[\mathtt{,replace}])$	save simulation results to filename.dta
$\underline{\mathtt{nomodelsumm}}\mathtt{ary}$	suppress model summary
chainsdetail	display detailed simulation summary for each chain
[no]dots	suppress dots or display dots every 100 iterations and iteration numbers every 1,000 iterations; default is nodots
$\mathtt{dots}(\#[\;,\mathtt{every}(\#)\;])$	display dots as simulation is performed
[no]show(paramref)	specify model parameters to be excluded from or included in the output
<u>notab</u> le	suppress estimation table
noheader	suppress output header
title(string)	display string as title above the table of parameter estimates
display_options	control spacing, line width, and base and empty cells

Advanced search(search\_options) control the search for feasible initial values corrlag(#) specify maximum autocorrelation lag; default varies corrtol(#) specify autocorrelation tolerance; default is corrtol(0.01)

Options prior() and block() may be repeated.

priorspec and paramref are defined in [BAYES] bayesmh.

paramref may contain factor variables; see [U] 11.4.3 Factor variables.

collect is allowed; see [U] 11.1.10 Prefix commands.

See [U] 20 Estimation and postestimation commands for more capabilities of estimation commands.

Model parameters are regression coefficients {depvar:indepvars}. Use the dryrun option to see the definitions of model parameters prior to estimation.

For a detailed description of *bayesopts*, see *Options* in [BAYES] bayes.

<sup>\*</sup> Starred options are specific to the bayes prefix; other options are common between bayes and bayesmh.

For a general introduction to Bayesian analysis, see [BAYES] **Intro**. For a general introduction to Bayesian estimation using an adaptive Metropolis–Hastings algorithm, see [BAYES] **bayesmh**. For remarks and examples specific to the bayes prefix, see [BAYES] **bayes**. For details about the estimation command, see [R] **logit**.

For a simple example of the bayes prefix, see *Introductory example* in [BAYES] **bayes**. Also see *Logistic regression with perfect predictors* in [BAYES] **bayes**.

# Stored results

See Stored results in [BAYES] bayes.

# Methods and formulas

See Methods and formulas in [BAYES] bayesmh.

# Reference

Balov, N. 2017. Bayesian logistic regression with Cauchy priors using the bayes prefix. The Stata Blog: Not Elsewhere Classified. https://blog.stata.com/2017/09/08/bayesian-logistic-regression-with-cauchy-priors-using-the-bayes-prefix/.

# Also see

[BAYES] bayes — Bayesian regression models using the bayes prefix

[R] logit — Logistic regression, reporting coefficients

[BAYES] Bayesian postestimation — Postestimation tools after Bayesian estimation

[BAYES] Bayesian estimation — Bayesian estimation commands

[BAYES] Bayesian commands — Introduction to commands for Bayesian analysis

 $[\hbox{\scriptsize BAYES}] \ \hbox{\bf Intro} \ -- \ \hbox{\bf Introduction to Bayesian analysis}$ 

[BAYES] Glossary

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