bayes: cloglog — Bayesian complementary log-log regression

Description	Quick start	Menu	Syntax
Remarks and ex	xamples Stored resu	Its Methods and for	mulas Also see

Description

bayes: cloglog fits a Bayesian complementary log-log regression to a binary outcome; see [BAYES] bayes and [R] cloglog for details.

Quick start

Bayesian complementary log-log regression of y on x1 and x2, using default normal priors for regression coefficients

bayes: cloglog y x1 x2

Use a standard deviation of 10 instead of 100 for the default normal priors

bayes, normalprior(10): cloglog y x1 x2

Use uniform priors for the slopes and a normal prior for the intercept

bayes, prior({y: x1 x2}, uniform(-10,10)) ///
prior({y:_cons}, normal(0,10)): cloglog y x1 x2

- Save simulation results to simdata.dta, and use a random-number seed for reproducibility bayes, saving(simdata) rseed(123): cloglog y x1 x2
- Specify 20,000 Markov chain Monte Carlo (MCMC) samples, set length of the burn-in period to 5,000, and request that a dot be displayed every 500 simulations

bayes, mcmcsize(20000) burnin(5000) dots(500): cloglog y x1 x2

In the above, request that the 90% highest posterior density (HPD) credible interval be displayed instead of the default 95% equal-tailed credible interval

bayes, clevel(90) hpd

Display results as exponentiated coefficients

bayes: cloglog y x1 x2, eform

Display exponentiated coefficients on replay

bayes, eform

Also see Quick start in [BAYES] bayes and Quick start in [R] cloglog.

Menu

 $Statistics > Binary \ outcomes > Bayesian \ regression > Complementary \ log-log \ regression$

Syntax

bayes [, bayesopts]: cloglog depvar [indepvars] [if] [in] [weight] [, options]

options	escription	
Model		
<u>nocons</u> tant s	ppress constant term	
<u>off</u> set(<i>varname</i>) i	clude varname in model with coefficient constrained to 1	
asis 1	tain perfect predictor variables	
Reporting		
<u>ef</u> orm 1	port exponentiated coefficients	
display_options	ntrol spacing, line width, and base and empty cells	
<u>l</u> evel(#)	et credible level; default is level(95)	
indepvars may contain factor variabl	es; see [U] 11.4.3 Factor variables.	
depvar and indepvars may contain ti	me-series operators; see [U] 11.4.4 Time-series varlists.	
fweights are allowed; see [U] 11.1.	5 weight.	
bayes: cloglog, level() is equi	valent to bayes, clevel(): cloglog.	
For a detailed description of options,	see Options in [R] cloglog.	
bayesopts	Description	
Priors		
* <u>normalpr</u> ior(#)	specify standard deviation of default normal priors for regression coefficients; default is normalprior(100)	
<pre>prior(priorspec)</pre>	prior for model parameters; this option may be repeated	
dryrun	show model summary without estimation	
Simulation		
nchains(#)	number of chains; default is to simulate one chain	
<pre>mcmcsize(#)</pre>	MCMC sample size; default is mcmcsize(10000)	
<u>burn</u> in(#)	burn-in period; default is burnin(2500)	
<u>thin</u> ning(#)	thinning interval; default is thinning(1)	
rseed(#)	random-number seed	
<pre>exclude(paramref)</pre>	specify model parameters to be excluded from the simulation results	
Blocking		
*blocksize(#)	maximum block size; default is blocksize(50)	
block(paramref[, blockopts		
<u>blocksumm</u> ary	display block summary	
* <u>noblock</u> ing	do not block parameters by default	

Initialization	
<pre>initial(initspec)</pre>	specify initial values for model parameters with a single chain
<pre>init#(initspec)</pre>	specify initial values for #th chain; requires nchains()
initall(<i>initspec</i>)	specify initial values for all chains; requires nchains()
nomleinitial	suppress the use of maximum likelihood estimates as starting values
initrandom	specify random initial values
initsummary	display initial values used for simulation
* <u>noi</u> sily	display output from the estimation command during initialization
Adaptation	
adaptation(<i>adaptopts</i>)	control the adaptive MCMC procedure
scale(#)	initial multiplier for scale factor; default is scale(2.38)
<pre>covariance(cov)</pre>	initial proposal covariance; default is the identity matrix
Reporting	
<pre>clevel(#)</pre>	set credible interval level; default is clevel(95)
hpd	display HPD credible intervals instead of the default equal-tailed credible intervals
<u>ef</u> orm[(<i>string</i>)]	report exponentiated coefficients and, optionally, label as string
batch(#)	specify length of block for batch-means calculations; default is batch(0)
<pre>saving(filename[, replace])</pre>	save simulation results to <i>filename</i> .dta
nomodelsummary	suppress model summary
chainsdetail	display detailed simulation summary for each chain
[no]dots	suppress dots or display dots every 100 iterations and iteration numbers every 1,000 iterations; default is nodots
dots(#[, every(#)])	display dots as simulation is performed
[no]show(paramref)	specify model parameters to be excluded from or included in the output
<u>notab</u> le	suppress estimation table
<u>nohead</u> er	suppress output header
<pre>title(string)</pre>	display string as title above the table of parameter estimates
display_options	control spacing, line width, and base and empty cells
Advanced	
<pre>search(search_options)</pre>	control the search for feasible initial values
corrlag(#)	specify maximum autocorrelation lag; default varies
corrtol(#)	specify autocorrelation tolerance; default is corrtol(0.01)

* Starred options are specific to the bayes prefix; other options are common between bayes and bayesmh. Options prior() and block() may be repeated.

priorspec and paramref are defined in [BAYES] bayesmh.

paramref may contain factor variables; see [U] 11.4.3 Factor variables.

collect is allowed; see [U] 11.1.10 Prefix commands.

See [U] 20 Estimation and postestimation commands for more capabilities of estimation commands.

Model parameters are regression coefficients {*depvar*: *indepvars*}. Use the dryrun option to see the definitions of model parameters prior to estimation.

For a detailed description of *bayesopts*, see Options in [BAYES] bayes.

Remarks and examples

For a general introduction to Bayesian analysis, see [BAYES] **Intro**. For a general introduction to Bayesian estimation using an adaptive Metropolis–Hastings algorithm, see [BAYES] **bayesmh**. For remarks and examples specific to the bayes prefix, see [BAYES] **bayes**. For details about the estimation command, see [R] **cloglog**.

For a simple example of the bayes prefix, see *Introductory example* in [BAYES] **bayes**. Also see *Logistic regression with perfect predictors* in [BAYES] **bayes**.

Stored results

See Stored results in [BAYES] bayes.

Methods and formulas

See Methods and formulas in [BAYES] bayesmh.

Also see

[BAYES] bayes — Bayesian regression models using the bayes prefix

[R] cloglog — Complementary log-log regression

[BAYES] Bayesian postestimation — Postestimation tools after Bayesian estimation

[BAYES] Bayesian estimation — Bayesian estimation commands

[BAYES] Bayesian commands — Introduction to commands for Bayesian analysis

[BAYES] Intro — Introduction to Bayesian analysis

[BAYES] Glossary

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