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Description

`bayses: binreg` fits a Bayesian binomial regression to a binary outcome, assuming different link functions; see [\[BAYES\] bayses](#) and [\[R\] binreg](#) for details.

Quick start

Bayesian binomial regression of `y` on `x1` and `x2`, using the default logit link and using default normal priors for regression coefficients

```
bayses: binreg y x1 x2
```

Use a standard deviation of 10 instead of 100 for the default normal priors

```
bayses, normalprior(10): binreg y x1 x2
```

Use uniform priors for the slopes and a normal prior for the intercept

```
bayses, prior({y: x1 x2}, uniform(-10,10)) ///
prior({y: _cons}, normal(0,10)): binreg y x1 x2
```

Save simulation results to `simdata.dta`, and use a random-number seed for reproducibility

```
bayses, saving(simdata) rseed(123): binreg y x1 x2
```

Specify 20,000 Markov chain Monte Carlo (MCMC) samples, set length of the burn-in period to 5,000, and request that a dot be displayed every 500 simulations

```
bayses, mcmcsz(20000) burnin(5000) dots(500): binreg y x1 x2
```

In the above, request that the 90% highest posterior density (HPD) credible interval be displayed instead of the default 95% equal-tailed credible interval

```
bayses, clevel(90) hpd
```

Display odds ratios instead of coefficients

```
bayses: binreg y x1 x2, or
```

Use the log link and report risk ratios

```
bayses: binreg y x1 x2, rr
```

Display coefficients instead of risk ratios

```
bayses, coefficients
```

Also see [Quick start](#) in [\[BAYES\] bayses](#) and [Quick start](#) in [\[R\] binreg](#).

Menu

Statistics > Generalized linear models > Bayesian GLM for the binomial family

Syntax

```
bayan [ , bayesopts ] : binreg depvar [ indepvars ] [ if ] [ in ] [ weight ] [ , options ]
```

<i>options</i>	Description
Model	
<u>noconstant</u>	suppress constant term
or	use logit link and report odds ratios
rr	use log link and report risk ratios
hr	use log-complement link and report health ratios
rd	use identity link and report risk differences
n(# <i>varname</i>)	use # or <i>varname</i> for number of trials
<u>exposure</u> (<i>varname</i>)	include ln(<i>varname</i>) in model with coefficient constrained to 1
<u>offset</u> (<i>varname</i>)	include <i>varname</i> in model with coefficient constrained to 1
mu(<i>varname</i>)	use <i>varname</i> as the initial estimate for the mean of <i>depvar</i>
<u>init</u> (<i>varname</i>)	synonym for mu(<i>varname</i>)
Reporting	
<u>coefficients</u>	report nonexponentiated coefficients
<i>display_options</i>	control spacing, line width, and base and empty cells
<u>level</u> (#)	set credible level; default is level(95)
<i>indepvars</i> may contain factor variables; see [U] 11.4.3 Factor variables. <i>depvar</i> and <i>indepvars</i> may contain time-series operators; see [U] 11.4.4 Time-series varlists. fweights are allowed; see [U] 11.1.6 weight. bayan: binreg, level() is equivalent to bayan, clevel(): binreg. For a detailed description of <i>options</i> , see <i>Options</i> in [R] binreg. binreg's option ml is implied with bayan: binreg.	
<i>bayesopts</i>	Description
Priors	
* <u>normalprior</u> (#)	specify standard deviation of default normal priors for regression coefficients; default is normalprior(100)
prior(<i>priorspec</i>)	prior for model parameters; this option may be repeated
dryrun	show model summary without estimation
Simulation	
nchains(#)	number of chains; default is to simulate one chain
<u>mcmcsize</u> (#)	MCMC sample size; default is mcmcsize(10000)
<u>burnin</u> (#)	burn-in period; default is burnin(2500)
<u>thinning</u> (#)	thinning interval; default is thinning(1)
rseed(#)	random-number seed
<u>exclude</u> (<i>paramref</i>)	specify model parameters to be excluded from the simulation results
Blocking	
* <u>blocksize</u> (#)	maximum block size; default is blocksize(50)
block(<i>paramref</i> [, <i>blockopts</i>])	specify a block of model parameters; this option may be repeated
<u>blocksummary</u>	display block summary
* <u>noblocking</u>	do not block parameters by default

Initialization

<code>initial(<i>initspec</i>)</code>	specify initial values for model parameters with a single chain
<code>init#(<i>initspec</i>)</code>	specify initial values for #th chain; requires <code>nchains()</code>
<code>initall(<i>initspec</i>)</code>	specify initial values for all chains; requires <code>nchains()</code>
<code>nomleinitial</code>	suppress the use of maximum likelihood estimates as starting values
<code>initrandom</code>	specify random initial values
<code>initsummary</code>	display initial values used for simulation
* <code>noisily</code>	display output from the estimation command during initialization

Adaptation

<code>adaptation(<i>adaptopts</i>)</code>	control the adaptive MCMC procedure
<code>scale(#)</code>	initial multiplier for scale factor; default is <code>scale(2.38)</code>
<code>covariance(cov)</code>	initial proposal covariance; default is the identity matrix

Reporting

<code>clevel(#)</code>	set credible interval level; default is <code>clevel(95)</code>
<code>hpd</code>	display HPD credible intervals instead of the default equal-tailed credible intervals
<code>coefficients</code>	report nonexponentiated coefficients
<code>eform[(<i>string</i>)]</code>	report exponentiated coefficients and, optionally, label as <i>string</i>
<code>batch(#)</code>	specify length of block for batch-means calculations; default is <code>batch(0)</code>
<code>saving(filename[, replace])</code>	save simulation results to <i>filename.dta</i>
<code>nomodelsummary</code>	suppress model summary
<code>chainsdetail</code>	display detailed simulation summary for each chain
<code>[no]dots</code>	suppress dots or display dots every 100 iterations and iteration numbers every 1,000 iterations; default is <code>nodots</code>
<code>dots(#[, every(#)])</code>	display dots as simulation is performed
<code>[no]show(<i>paramref</i>)</code>	specify model parameters to be excluded from or included in the output
<code>notable</code>	suppress estimation table
<code>noheader</code>	suppress output header
<code>title(<i>string</i>)</code>	display <i>string</i> as title above the table of parameter estimates
<code>display_options</code>	control spacing, line width, and base and empty cells

Advanced

<code>search(<i>search_options</i>)</code>	control the search for feasible initial values
<code>corrlag(#)</code>	specify maximum autocorrelation lag; default varies
<code>corrtol(#)</code>	specify autocorrelation tolerance; default is <code>corrtol(0.01)</code>

* Starred options are specific to the `bayer` prefix; other options are common between `bayer` and `bayermh`.

Options `prior()` and `block()` may be repeated.

priorspec and *paramref* are defined in [BAYES] `bayermh`.

paramref may contain factor variables; see [U] 11.4.3 **Factor variables**.

`collect` is allowed; see [U] 11.1.10 **Prefix commands**.

See [U] 20 **Estimation and postestimation commands** for more capabilities of estimation commands.

Model parameters are regression coefficients `{depvar: indepvars}`. Use the `dryrun` option to see the definitions of model parameters prior to estimation.

For a detailed description of *bayeropts*, see *Options* in [BAYES] `bayer`.

Remarks and examples

For a general introduction to Bayesian analysis, see [BAYES] [Intro](#). For a general introduction to Bayesian estimation using an adaptive Metropolis–Hastings algorithm, see [BAYES] [bayesmh](#). For remarks and examples specific to the bayes prefix, see [BAYES] [bayes](#). For details about the estimation command, see [R] [binreg](#).

For a simple example of the bayes prefix, see *Introductory example* in [BAYES] [bayes](#). Also see *Logistic regression with perfect predictors* in [BAYES] [bayes](#).

Stored results

See *Stored results* in [BAYES] [bayes](#).

Methods and formulas

See *Methods and formulas* in [BAYES] [bayesmh](#).

Also see

[BAYES] [bayes](#) — Bayesian regression models using the bayes prefix

[R] [binreg](#) — Generalized linear models: Extensions to the binomial family

[BAYES] [Bayesian postestimation](#) — Postestimation tools after Bayesian estimation

[BAYES] [Bayesian estimation](#) — Bayesian estimation commands

[BAYES] [Bayesian commands](#) — Introduction to commands for Bayesian analysis

[BAYES] [Intro](#) — Introduction to Bayesian analysis

[BAYES] [Glossary](#)

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