Title

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bayes: xtoprobit — Bayesian random-effects ordered probit model

Description

`bayes: xtoprobit` fits a Bayesian panel-data random-effects ordered probit model to an ordinal outcome; see [BAYES] **bayes** and [XT] **xtoprobit** for details.

Quick start

Bayesian random-effects ordered probit model of `y` on `x1` and `x2` with random intercepts by `id` (after `xtset`ing on panel variable `id`), using default normal priors for regression coefficients and flat priors for cutpoints and default inverse-gamma prior for the variance of random intercepts

```
bayes: xtoprobit y x1 x2
```

Use a standard deviation of 10 instead of 100 for the default normal priors

```
bayes, normalprior(10): xtoprobit y x1 x2
```

Use a shape of 1 and a scale of 2 instead of values of 0.01 for the default inverse-gamma prior

```
bayes, igammaprior(1 2): xtoprobit y x1 x2
```

Use uniform priors for the slopes and a normal prior for the intercept

```
bayes, prior({y: x1 x2}, uniform(-10,10)) ///
prior({y:_cons}, normal(0,10)): xtoprobit y x1 x2
```

Save simulation results to `simdata.dta`, and use a random-number seed for reproducibility

```
bayes, saving(simdata) rseed(123): xtoprobit y x1 x2
```

Specify 20,000 Markov chain Monte Carlo (MCMC) samples, set length of the burn-in period to 5,000, and request that a dot be displayed every 500 simulations

```
bayes, mcmcsize(20000) burnin(5000) dots(500): xtoprobit y x1 x2
```

In the above, request that the 90% highest posterior density (HPD) credible interval be displayed instead of the default 95% equal-tailed credible interval

```
bayes, clevel(90) hpd
```

Also see *Quick start* in [BAYES] **bayes** and *Quick start* in [XT] **xtoprobit**.

Menu

Statistics > Longitudinal/panel data > Ordinal outcomes > Bayesian regression > Ordered probit regression

Syntax

```
bayes [ , bayesopts ] : xtoprobit depvar [indepvars] [if] [in] [weight] [ , options ]
```

options	Description
Model	
`offset(`*varname*`)`	include *varname* in model with coefficient constrained to 1
Reporting	
display_options	control spacing, line width, and base and empty cells
`level(#)`	set credible level; default is `level(95)`

A panel variable must be specified; see [XT] **xtset**.

indepvars may contain factor variables; see [U] **11.4.3 Factor variables**.

depvar and *indepvars* may contain time-series operators; see [U] **11.4.4 Time-series varlists**.

`fweights` are allowed; see [U] **11.1.6 weight**.

`bayes: xtoprobit, level()` is equivalent to `bayes, clevel(): xtoprobit`.

For a detailed description of *options*, see *Options* in [XT] **xtoprobit**.

bayesopts	Description
Priors	
*`normalprior(#)`	specify standard deviation of default normal priors for regression coefficients; default is `normalprior(100)`
*`igammaprior(# #)`	specify shape and scale of default inverse-gamma prior for variance components; default is `igammaprior(0.01 0.01)`
`prior(`*priorspec*`)`	prior for model parameters; this option may be repeated
`dryrun`	show model summary without estimation
Simulation	
`nchains(#)`	number of chains; default is to simulate one chain
`mcmcsize(#)`	MCMC sample size; default is `mcmcsize(10000)`
`burnin(#)`	burn-in period; default is `burnin(2500)`
`thinning(#)`	thinning interval; default is `thinning(1)`
`rseed(#)`	random-number seed
`exclude(`*paramref*`)`	specify model parameters to be excluded from the simulation results
Blocking	
`block(`*paramref*`[ , `*blockopts*`])`	specify a block of model parameters; this option may be repeated
`blocksummary`	display block summary
Initialization	
`initial(`*initspec*`)`	specify initial values for model parameters with a single chain
`init#(`*initspec*`)`	specify initial values for #th chain; requires `nchains()`
`initall(`*initspec*`)`	specify initial values for all chains; requires `nchains()`
`nomleinitial`	suppress the use of maximum likelihood estimates as starting values
`initrandom`	specify random initial values
`initsummary`	display initial values used for simulation
*`noisily`	display output from the estimation command during initialization

Adaptation	
`adaptation(`*adaptopts*`)`	control the adaptive MCMC procedure
`scale(`#`)`	initial multiplier for scale factor; default is `scale(2.38)`
`covariance(`*cov*`)`	initial proposal covariance; default is the identity matrix
Reporting	
`clevel(`#`)`	set credible interval level; default is `clevel(95)`
`hpd`	display HPD credible intervals instead of the default equal-tailed credible intervals
`eform[ (`*string*`) ]`	report exponentiated coefficients and, optionally, label as *string*
`remargl`	compute log marginal-likelihood; suppressed by default
`batch(`#`)`	specify length of block for batch-means calculations; default is `batch(0)`
`saving(`*filename*`[ , replace ])`	save simulation results to *filename*`.dta`
`nomodelsummary`	suppress model summary
`chainsdetail`	display detailed simulation summary for each chain
`[no]dots`	suppress dots or display dots every 100 iterations and iteration numbers every 1,000 iterations; default is `nodots`
`dots(`#`[ , every(`#`) ])`	display dots as simulation is performed
`[no]show(`*paramref*`)`	specify model parameters to be excluded from or included in the output
`showreffects[ (`*reref*`) ]`	specify that all or a subset of random-effects parameters be included in the output
`notable`	suppress estimation table
`noheader`	suppress output header
`title(`*string*`)`	display *string* as title above the table of parameter estimates
display_options	control spacing, line width, and base and empty cells
Advanced	
`search(`*search_options*`)`	control the search for feasible initial values
`corrlag(`#`)`	specify maximum autocorrelation lag; default varies
`corrtol(`#`)`	specify autocorrelation tolerance; default is `corrtol(0.01)`

*Starred options are specific to the `bayes` prefix; other options are common between `bayes` and `bayesmh`.

Options `prior()` and `block()` may be repeated.

priorspec and *paramref* are defined in [BAYES] **bayesmh**.

paramref may contain factor variables; see [U] **11.4.3 Factor variables**.

`collect` is allowed; see [U] **11.1.10 Prefix commands**.

See [U] **20 Estimation and postestimation commands** for more capabilities of estimation commands.

Model parameters are regression coefficients {*depvar*:*indepvars*}, cutpoints `{cut1}`, `{cut2}`, and so on, random effects `{U[`*panelvar*`]}` or simply `{U}`, and random-effects variance `{var_U}`. Use the `dryrun` option to see the definitions of model parameters prior to estimation.

Flat priors, `flat`, are used by default for cutpoints.

For a detailed description of *bayesopts*, see *Options* in [BAYES] **bayes**.

Remarks and examples

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For a general introduction to Bayesian analysis, see [BAYES] **Intro**. For a general introduction to Bayesian estimation using an adaptive Metropolis–Hastings algorithm, see [BAYES] **bayesmh**. For

remarks and examples specific to the `bayes` prefix, see [BAYES] **bayes**. For details about the estimation command, see [XT] **xtoprobit**.

For a simple example of the `bayes` prefix, see *Introductory example* in [BAYES] **bayes**. Also see *Panel-data models* in [BAYES] **bayes**.

Stored results

See *Stored results* in [BAYES] **bayes**. In addition, `bayes: xtoprobit` also stores the following results:

Macros

`e(ivar)`	variable denoting groups
`e(redistrib)`	distribution of random effects

Methods and formulas

See *Methods and formulas* in [BAYES] **bayesmh**.

Also see

[BAYES] **bayes** — Bayesian regression models using the bayes prefix+

[XT] **xtoprobit** — Random-effects ordered probit models

[BAYES] **Bayesian postestimation** — Postestimation tools for bayesmh and the bayes prefix

[BAYES] **Bayesian estimation** — Bayesian estimation commands

[BAYES] **Bayesian commands** — Introduction to commands for Bayesian analysis

[BAYES] **Intro** — Introduction to Bayesian analysis

[BAYES] **Glossary**