

st_varindex() — Obtain variable indices from variable names

Description Diagnostics	Syntax Also see	Remarks and examples	Conformability
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Description

`st_varindex(s)` returns the variable index associated with each variable name recorded in *s*. `st_varindex(s)` does not allow variable-name abbreviations such as "pr" for "price".

`st_varindex(s, abbrev)` does the same thing but allows you to specify whether variable-name abbreviations are to be allowed. Abbreviations are allowed if *abbrev* \neq 0. `st_varindex(s)` is equivalent to `st_varindex(s, 0)`.

`_st_varindex()` does the same thing as `st_varindex()`. The two functions differ in how they respond when a name is not found. `st_varindex()` aborts with error, and `_st_varindex()` places missing in the appropriate element of the returned result.

Syntax

real rowvector `st_varindex(string rowvector s)`

real rowvector `st_varindex(string rowvector s, real scalar abbrev)`

real rowvector `_st_varindex(string rowvector s)`

real rowvector `_st_varindex(string rowvector s, real scalar abbrev)`

Remarks and examples

These functions require that each element of *s* contain a variable name, such as

```
s = ("price", "mpg", "weight")
```

If you have one string containing multiple names

```
s = ("price mpg weight")
```

then use `tokens()` to split it into the desired form, as in

```
k = st_varindex(tokens(s))
```

See [M-5] [tokens\(\)](#).

Conformability

`st_varindex(s, abbrev)`, `_st_varindex(s, abbrev)`:

s: $1 \times k$
abbrev: 1×1 (optional)
result: $1 \times k$

Diagnostics

`st_varindex()` aborts with error if any name is not found.

`_st_varindex()` puts missing in the appropriate element of the returned result for any name that is not found.

Also see

[M-5] [st_varname\(\)](#) — Obtain variable names from variable indices

[M-5] [tokens\(\)](#) — Obtain tokens from string

[M-4] [stata](#) — Stata interface functions