

estat eform — Display exponentiated coefficients

Syntax	Menu	Description	Options
Remarks and examples	Also see		

Syntax

```
estat eform [ eqnamelist ] [ , level(#) display_options ]
```

where *eqnamelist* is a list of equation names. In `gsem`, equation names correspond to the names of the response variables. If no *eqnamelist* is specified, exponentiated results for the first equation are shown.

Menu

Statistics > SEM (structural equation modeling) > Other > Display exponentiated coefficients

Description

`estat eform` is for use after `gsem` but not `sem`.

`gsem` reports coefficients. You can obtain exponentiated coefficients and their standard errors by using `estat eform` after estimation to redisplay results.

Options

`level(#)`; see [R] **estimation options**; default is `level(95)`.

display_options control the display of factor variables and more. Allowed *display_options* are noomitted, vsquish, noemptycells, baselevels, allbaselevels, nofvlabel, fwrap(#), fwrapon(style), cformat(%fmt), pformat(%fmt), sformat(%fmt), and nolstretch. See [R] **estimation options**.

Remarks and examples

In some generalized linear response functions, exponentiated coefficients have a special meaning. Those special meanings are as follows:

Common name	Family	Link	Meaning of $\exp(\text{coef})$
logit	Bernoulli	logit	odds ratio
ologit	ordinal	logit	odds ratio
mlogit	multinomial	logit	relative-risk ratio
Poisson	Poisson	log	incidence-rate ratio
nbreg	nbreg	log	incidence-rate ratio

See [SEM] **example 33g** and [SEM] **example 34g**.

Also see

- [SEM] **gsem** — Generalized structural equation model estimation command
- [SEM] **gsem postestimation** — Postestimation tools for gsem
- [SEM] **intro 7** — Postestimation tests and predictions
- [SEM] **example 33g** — Logistic regression
- [SEM] **example 34g** — Combined models (generalized responses)