

glogit postestimation — Postestimation tools for glogit, gprobit, blogit, and bprobit

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Description

The following postestimation commands are available after `glogit`, `gprobit`, `blogit`, and `bprobit`:

Command	Description
<code>contrast</code>	contrasts and ANOVA-style joint tests of estimates
* <code>estat ic</code>	Akaike's and Schwarz's Bayesian information criteria (AIC and BIC)
<code>estat summarize</code>	summary statistics for the estimation sample
<code>estat vce</code>	variance–covariance matrix of the estimators (VCE)
<code>estimates</code>	cataloging estimation results
<code>lincom</code>	point estimates, standard errors, testing, and inference for linear combinations of coefficients
* <code>lrtest</code>	likelihood-ratio test
<code>margins</code>	marginal means, predictive margins, marginal effects, and average marginal effects
<code>marginsplot</code>	graph the results from margins (profile plots, interaction plots, etc.)
<code>nlcom</code>	point estimates, standard errors, testing, and inference for nonlinear combinations of coefficients
<code>predict</code>	predictions, residuals, influence statistics, and other diagnostic measures
<code>predictnl</code>	point estimates, standard errors, testing, and inference for generalized predictions
<code>pwcompare</code>	pairwise comparisons of estimates
<code>test</code>	Wald tests of simple and composite linear hypotheses
<code>testnl</code>	Wald tests of nonlinear hypotheses

* `estat ic` and `lrtest` are not appropriate after `glogit` and `gprobit`.

Syntax for predict

```
predict [type] newvar [if] [in] [, statistic]
```

<i>statistic</i>	Description
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Main

<code>n</code>	predicted count; the default
<code>pr</code>	probability of a positive outcome
<code>xb</code>	linear prediction
<code>stdp</code>	standard error of the linear prediction

These statistics are available both in and out of sample; type `predict ... if e(sample) ...` if wanted only for the estimation sample.

Menu for predict

Statistics > Postestimation > Predictions, residuals, etc.

Options for predict

Main

`n`, the default, calculates the expected count, that is, the estimated probability times *pop_var*, which is the total population.

`pr` calculates the predicted probability of a positive outcome.

`xb` calculates the linear prediction.

`stdp` calculates the standard error of the linear prediction.

Also see

[R] [glogit](#) — Logit and probit regression for grouped data

[U] [20 Estimation and postestimation commands](#)