### Title

#### stata.com

estimation options — Estimation options	
Synta	ax Description Options Also see
Syntax	
estimation_cmd [, options]	
options	Description
Model	
<u>nocon</u> stant	suppress constant term
$\underline{off}set(varname_o)$	include varname <sub>o</sub> in model with coefficient constrained to 1
$exposure(varname_e)$	include $ln(varname_e)$ in model with coefficient constrained to 1
<u>const</u> raints( <i>constraints</i> )	apply specified linear constraints
<u>col</u> linear	keep collinear variables
Reporting	
<u>l</u> evel(#)	set confidence level; default is level(95)
noskip	perform overall model test as a likelihood-ratio test
<u>nocnsr</u> eport	do not display constraints
<u>noomit</u> ted	do not display omitted collinear variables
vsquish	suppress blank space separating factor variables or time-series variables
noemptycells	do not display empty interaction cells of factor variables
baselevels	report base levels whose bases cannot be inferred
<u>allbase</u> levels	display all base levels for factor variables and interactions
nofvlabel	display factor-variable level values rather than value labels
fvwrap(#)	allow # lines when wrapping long value labels
fvwrapon(style)	apply <i>style</i> for wrapping long value labels; <i>style</i> may be word or width
cformat(% <i>fmt</i> )	format for coefficients, standard errors, and confidence limits
pformat(% <i>fmt</i> )	format for <i>p</i> -values
<pre>sformat(%fmt)</pre>	format for test statistics
nolstretch	do not automatically widen coefficient table for long variable names
Integration	
<u>intmethod(intmethod)</u>	integration method for random-effects models
<pre>intpoints(#)</pre>	use # integration (quadrature) points
<u>coefl</u> egend	display legend instead of statistics

# Description

This entry describes the options common to many estimation commands. Not all the options documented here work with all estimation commands. See the documentation for the particular estimation command; if an option is listed there, it is applicable.

## Options

Model

noconstant suppresses the constant term (intercept) in the model.

- offset (varname<sub>o</sub>) specifies that  $varname_o$  be included in the model with the coefficient constrained to be 1.
- exposure (varname<sub>e</sub>) specifies a variable that reflects the amount of exposure over which the *depvar* events were observed for each observation;  $\ln(varname_e)$  with coefficient constrained to be 1 is entered into the log-link function.
- constraints(*numlist* | *matname*) specifies the linear constraints to be applied during estimation. The default is to perform unconstrained estimation. See [R] reg3 for the use of constraints in multiple-equation contexts.

constraints(*numlist*) specifies the constraints by number after they have been defined by using the constraint command; see [R] constraint. Some commands (for example, slogit) allow only constraints(*numlist*).

constraints (matname) specifies a matrix containing the constraints; see [P] makecns.

constraints(*clist*) is used by some estimation commands, such as mlogit, where *clist* has the form #[-#][, #[-#]...].

collinear specifies that the estimation command not omit collinear variables. Usually, there is no reason to leave collinear variables in place, and, in fact, doing so usually causes the estimation to fail because of the matrix singularity caused by the collinearity. However, with certain models, the variables may be collinear, yet the model is fully identified because of constraints or other features of the model. In such cases, using the collinear option allows the estimation to take place, leaving the equations with collinear variables intact. This option is seldom used.

Reporting

- level(#) specifies the confidence level, as a percentage, for confidence intervals. The default is level(95) or as set by set level; see [U] 20.7 Specifying the width of confidence intervals.
- noskip specifies that a full maximum-likelihood model with only a constant for the regression equation be fit. This model is not displayed but is used as the base model to compute a likelihood-ratio test for the model test statistic displayed in the estimation header. By default, the overall model test statistic is an asymptotically equivalent Wald test of all the parameters in the regression equation being zero (except the constant). For many models, this option can substantially increase estimation time.
- nocnsreport specifies that no constraints be reported. The default is to display user-specified constraints above the coefficient table.
- noomitted specifies that variables that were omitted because of collinearity not be displayed. The default is to include in the table any variables omitted because of collinearity and to label them as "(omitted)".
- vsquish specifies that the blank space separating factor-variable terms or time-series-operated variables from other variables in the model be suppressed.
- noemptycells specifies that empty cells for interactions of factor variables not be displayed. The default is to include in the table interaction cells that do not occur in the estimation sample and to label them as "(empty)".

- baselevels and allbaselevels control whether the base levels of factor variables and interactions are displayed. The default is to exclude from the table all base categories.
  - baselevels specifies that base levels be reported for factor variables and for interactions whose bases cannot be inferred from their component factor variables.
  - allbaselevels specifies that all base levels of factor variables and interactions be reported.
- nofvlabel displays factor-variable level values rather than attached value labels. This option overrides the fvlabel setting; see [R] set showbaselevels.
- fvwrap(#) specifies how many lines to allow when long value labels must be wrapped. Labels
  requiring more than # lines are truncated. This option overrides the fvwrap setting; see [R] set
  showbaselevels.
- fvwrapon(*style*) specifies whether value labels that wrap will break at word boundaries or break based on available space.

fvwrapon(word), the default, specifies that value labels break at word boundaries.

fvwrapon(width) specifies that value labels break based on available space.

This option overrides the fvwrapon setting; see [R] set showbaselevels.

- cformat(% fmt) specifies how to format coefficients, standard errors, and confidence limits in the coefficient table. The maximum format width is 9.
- pformat(% fmt) specifies how to format p-values in the coefficient table. The maximum format width
   is 5.
- sformat(% fmt) specifies how to format test statistics in the coefficient table. The maximum format
  width is 8.
- nolstretch specifies that the width of the coefficient table not be automatically widened to accommodate longer variable names. The default, lstretch, is to automatically widen the coefficient table up to the width of the Results window. To change the default, use set lstretch off. nolstretch is not shown in the dialog box.

Integration

- intmethod(*intmethod*) specifies the integration method to be used for the random-effects model. It accepts one of four arguments: mvaghermite, the default for all but a crossed random-effects model, performs mean and variance adaptive Gauss-Hermite quadrature; mcaghermite performs mode and curvature adaptive Gauss-Hermite quadrature; ghermite performs nonadaptive Gauss-Hermite quadrature; and laplace, the default for crossed random-effects models, performs the Laplacian approximation.
- intpoints(#) specifies the number of integration points to use for integration by quadrature. The default is intpoints(12); the maximum is intpoints(195). Increasing this value improves the accuracy but also increases computation time. Computation time is roughly proportional to its value.

The following option is not shown in the dialog box:

coeflegend specifies that the legend of the coefficients and how to specify them in an expression be displayed rather than displaying the statistics for the coefficients.

#### Also see

[U] 20 Estimation and postestimation commands