estat summarize —	Summarize estimation	sample

Syntax	Menu for estat	Description	Options
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action commute

## Syntax

estat <u>su</u>mmarize | eqlist | , estat\_summ\_options |

estat_summ_options	Description	
equation	display summary by equation	
group	display summary by group; only after sem	
labels	display variable labels	
<u>nohea</u> der	suppress the header	
<u>nowei</u> ghts	ignore weights	
display_options	control row spacing, line width, display of omitted variables and base and empty cells, and factor-variable labeling	

eqlist is rarely used and specifies the variables, with optional equation name, to be summarized. eqlist may be varlist or (eqname1: varlist) (eqname2: varlist) .... varlist may contain time-series operators; see [U] 11.4.4 Time-series varlists.

## Menu for estat

Statistics > Postestimation > Reports and statistics

# Description

estat summarize summarizes the variables used by the command and automatically restricts the sample to e(sample); it also summarizes the weight variable and cluster structure, if specified.

# Options

- equation requests that the dependent variables and the independent variables in the equations be displayed in the equation-style format of estimation commands, repeating the summary information about variables entered in more than one equation.
- group displays summary information separately for each group. group is only allowed after sem with a group() variable specified.
- labels displays variable labels.
- noheader suppresses the header.
- noweights ignores the weights, if any, from the previous estimation command. The default when weights are present is to perform a weighted summarize on all variables except the weight variable itself. An unweighted summarize is performed on the weight variable.

display\_options: noomitted, vsquish, noemptycells, baselevels, allbaselevels, nofvlabel, fvwrap(#), and fvwrapon(style); see [R] estimation options.

## **Remarks and examples**

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Often when fitting a model, you will also be interested in obtaining summary statistics, such as the sample means and standard deviations of the variables in the model. estat summarize makes this process simple. The output displayed is similar to that obtained by typing

. summarize *varlist* if e(sample)

without the need to type the *varlist* containing the dependent and independent variables.

#### Example 1

Continuing with the example in [R] estat ic, here we summarize the variables by using estat summarize.

. use http://www.stata-press.com/data/r13/sysdsn1 (Health insurance data)

- . mlogit insure age male nonwhite i.site (output omitted)
- . estat summarize, noomitted

Estimation sample mlogit		Number of obs = 615		
Variable	Mean	Std. Dev.	Min	Max
insure	1.596748	.6225846	1	3
age male nonwhite	44.46832 .2504065 .196748	14.18523 .4335998 .3978638	18.1109 0 0	86.0725 1 1
site 2 3	.3707317 .3138211	.4833939 .4644224	0 0	1

The output in the previous example contains all the variables in one table, though mlogit presents its results in a multiple-equation format. For models in which the same variables appear in all equations, that is fine; but for other multiple-equation models, we may prefer to have the variables separated by the equation in which they appear. The equation option makes this possible.

#### Example 2

Systems of simultaneous equations typically have different variables in each equation, and the equation option of estat summarize is helpful in such situations. In example 2 of [R] reg3, we have a model of supply and demand. We first refit the model and then call estat summarize.

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- . use http://www.stata-press.com/data/r13/supDem
- . reg3 (Demand:quantity price pcompete income) (Supply:quantity price praw),
- > endog(price)
- (output omitted)
- . estat summarize, equation

Estimation sample reg3		Number of obs = 49		
Variable	Mean	Std. Dev.	Min	Max
depvar				
quantity	12.61818	2.774952	7.71069	20.0477
quantity	12.61818	2.774952	7.71069	20.0477
demale				
price	32.70944	2.882684	26.3819	38.4769
pcompete	5.929975	3.508264	.207647	11.5549
income	7.811735	4.18859	.570417	14.0077
Supply				
price	32.70944	2.882684	26.3819	38.4769
praw	4.740891	2.962565	.151028	9.79881

The first block of the table contains statistics on the dependent (or, more accurately, left-hand-side) variables, and because we specified quantity as the left-hand-side variable in both equations, it is listed twice. The second block refers to the variables in the first equation we specified, which we labeled "Demand" in our call to reg3; and the final block refers to the supply equation.

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### Stored results

estat summarize stores the following in r():

Scalars

r(N\_groups) number of groups (group only)

Matrices

r(stats)  $k \times 4$  matrix of means, standard deviations, minimums, and maximums r(stats  $\begin{bmatrix} -\# \end{bmatrix}$ )  $k \times 4$  matrix of means, standard deviations, minimums, and maximums for group # (group only)

### Also see

- [R] estat Postestimation statistics
- [R] estat ic Display information criteria
- [R] estat vce Display covariance matrix estimates