

mi reshape — Reshape mi data

Syntax

Remarks and examples

Menu

Also see

Description

Options

Syntax

Overview

(The words *long* and *wide* in what follows have nothing to do with *mi* styles *mlong*, *flong*, *flongsep*, and *wide*; they have to do with *reshape*'s concepts.)

<i>long</i>		<i>wide</i>																								
<table style="border-collapse: collapse; width: 100%;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="padding: 2px 10px;"><i>i</i></th> <th style="padding: 2px 10px;"><i>j</i></th> <th style="padding: 2px 10px;"><i>stub</i></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td style="padding: 2px 10px;">1</td><td style="padding: 2px 10px;">1</td><td style="padding: 2px 10px;">4.1</td></tr> <tr><td style="padding: 2px 10px;">1</td><td style="padding: 2px 10px;">2</td><td style="padding: 2px 10px;">4.5</td></tr> <tr><td style="padding: 2px 10px;">2</td><td style="padding: 2px 10px;">1</td><td style="padding: 2px 10px;">3.3</td></tr> <tr><td style="padding: 2px 10px;">2</td><td style="padding: 2px 10px;">2</td><td style="padding: 2px 10px;">3.0</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	<i>i</i>	<i>j</i>	<i>stub</i>	1	1	4.1	1	2	4.5	2	1	3.3	2	2	3.0	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center;"> <div style="margin-right: 5px;">←</div> <div style="margin-right: 5px;">reshape</div> <div style="margin-left: 5px;">→</div> </div>	<table style="border-collapse: collapse; width: 100%;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="padding: 2px 10px;"><i>i</i></th> <th style="padding: 2px 10px;"><i>stub1</i></th> <th style="padding: 2px 10px;"><i>stub2</i></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td style="padding: 2px 10px;">1</td><td style="padding: 2px 10px;">4.1</td><td style="padding: 2px 10px;">4.5</td></tr> <tr><td style="padding: 2px 10px;">2</td><td style="padding: 2px 10px;">3.3</td><td style="padding: 2px 10px;">3.0</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	<i>i</i>	<i>stub1</i>	<i>stub2</i>	1	4.1	4.5	2	3.3	3.0
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To go from long to wide:

```
mi reshape wide stub, i(i) j(j)
```

j existing variable

To go from wide to long:

```
mi reshape long stub, i(i) j(j)
```

j new variable

Basic syntax

Convert *mi* data from long form to wide form

```
mi reshape wide stubnames, i(varlist) j(varname) [options]
```

Convert *mi* data from wide form to long form

```
mi reshape long stubnames, i(varlist) j(varname) [options]
```

options

Description

i(*varlist*)*i* variable(s)*j*(*varname* [*values*])

long→wide: *j*, existing variable
 wide→long: *j*, new variable
 optionally specify values to subset *j*

string*j* is string variable (default is numeric)

where *values* is #[-#] [...] if *j* is numeric (the default)
 "string" ["string" ...] if *j* is string

and where *stubnames* are variable names (long→wide), or stubs of variable names (wide→long). Unlike `reshape` (see [D] [reshape](#)), *stubnames* may not contain @ to denote where *j* appears in the name; all *stubnames* must follow the style *stub#*.

Menu

Statistics > Multiple imputation

Description

`mi reshape` is Stata's `reshape` for mi data; see [D] [reshape](#).

Options

See [D] [reshape](#) for descriptions of the other options.

Remarks and examples

[stata.com](https://www.stata.com)

The `reshape` command you specify is carried out on the $m = 0$ data, and then the result is duplicated in $m = 1, m = 2, \dots, m = M$.

In `mi reshape`, all variables corresponding to the same *stubnames* must be registered of the same mi type: `imputed`, `passive`, or `regular`.

Also see

[MI] [intro](#) — Introduction to mi

[MI] [mi replace0](#) — Replace original data

[D] [reshape](#) — Convert data from wide to long form and vice versa