mi expand -	– Expand mi data				
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Syntax					
mi expand	[=]exp [if] [, option	ns]			
options	Description	I			
<u>-</u>		var; 0 = orig oupdate optic	inal, 1 = expand on	ded	

#### Menu

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### Description

mi expand is expand (see [D] expand) for mi data. The syntax is identical to expand except that in *range* is not allowed and the noupdate option is allowed.

mi expand replaces each observation in the dataset with n copies of the observation, where n is equal to the required expression rounded to the nearest integer. If the expression is less than 1 or equal to missing, it is interpreted as if it were 1, meaning that the observation is retained but not duplicated.

### Options

generate(*newvar*) creates new variable *newvar* containing 0 if the observation originally appeared in the dataset and 1 if the observation is a duplication.

noupdate in some cases suppresses the automatic mi update this command might perform; see [MI] noupdate option.

#### **Remarks and examples**

# mi expand amounts to performing expand on m = 0, then duplicating the result on m = 1, $m = 2, \ldots, m = M$ , and then combining the result back into mi format. Thus if the requested expansion specified by *exp* is a function of an imputed, passive, varying, or super-varying variable, then it is the values of the variable in m = 0 that will be used to produce the result for m = 1, $m = 2, \ldots, m = M$ , too.

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## Also see

- [MI] intro Introduction to mi
- [D] expand Duplicate observations