

dsign() — FORTRAN-like DSIGN() function[Syntax](#) [Description](#) [Conformability](#) [Diagnostics](#) [Also see](#)

Syntax

real scalar **dsign**(*real scalar a*, *real scalar b*)

Description

dsign(*a*, *b*) returns *a* with the sign of *b*, defined as $|a|$ if $b \geq 0$ and $-|a|$ otherwise.

This function is useful when translating FORTRAN programs.

The in-line construction

$(b >= 0 ? \text{abs}(a) : -\text{abs}(a))$

is clearer. Also, differentiate carefully between what **dsign()** returns (equivalent to the above construction) and **signum(b)*abs(a)**, which is almost equivalent but returns 0 when *b* is 0 rather than **abs(a)**. (Message: **dsign()** is not one of our favorite functions.)

Conformability

dsign(*a*, *b*):

<i>a</i> :	1 × 1
<i>b</i> :	1 × 1
<i>result</i> :	1 × 1

Diagnostics

dsign(., *b*) returns . for all *b*.

dsign(*a*, .) returns **abs(a)** for all *a*.

Also see

[M-5] **sign()** — Sign and complex quadrant functions

[M-4] **scalar** — Scalar mathematical functions