

abs() — Absolute value (length)[Syntax](#)[Description](#)[Conformability](#)[Diagnostics](#)[Also see](#)

Syntax

real matrix `abs(numeric matrix Z)`

Description

For Z real, `abs(Z)` returns the elementwise absolute values of Z .

For Z complex, `abs(Z)` returns the elementwise length of each element. If $Z = a + bi$, returned is $\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}$, although the calculation is not made in that way. The method actually used prevents overflow.

Conformability

`abs(Z)`:

$Z:$	$r \times c$
<i>result:</i>	$r \times c$

Diagnostics

`abs(.)` returns `.` (missing).

Also see

[M-4] **scalar** — Scalar mathematical functions