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graph twoway pcspike — Paired-coordinate plot with spikes

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Syntax

twoway pcspike ylvar xlvar y2var x2var [if] [in] [, options]

options	Description
line_options	change look of spike lines
<pre>vertical horizontal axis_choice_options</pre>	orient plot naturally; the default orient plot transposing y and x values associate plot with alternative axis
twoway_options	titles, legends, axes, added lines and text, by, regions, name, aspect ratio, etc.

See [G-3] line_options, [G-3] axis_choice_options, and [G-3] twoway_options.

All explicit options are *rightmost*, except vertical and horizontal, which are *unique*; see [G-4] **concept: repeated options**.

Menu

Graphics > Twoway graph (scatter, line, etc.)

Description

A paired-coordinate spike plot draws a spike (or line) for each observation in the dataset. The line starts at the coordinate (y1var, x1var) and ends at the coordinate (y2var, x2var).

Options

line_options specify the look of the lines used to draw the spikes, including pattern, width, and color; see [G-3] *line_options*.

vertical and horizontal specify whether the y and x coordinates are to be swapped before plotting—vertical (the default) does not swap the coordinates, whereas horizontal does.

These options are rarely used when plotting only paired-coordinate data; they can, however, be used to good effect when combining paired-coordinate plots with range plots, such as twoway rspike or twoway rbar; see [G-2] graph twoway rspike and [G-2] graph twoway rbar.

 $axis_choice_options$ associate the plot with a particular y or x axis on the graph; see [G-3] $axis_choice_options$.

2

twoway_options are a set of common options supported by all twoway graphs. These options allow you to title graphs, name graphs, control axes and legends, add lines and text, set aspect ratios, create graphs over by() groups, and change some advanced settings. See [G-3] twoway_options.

Remarks and examples

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Remarks are presented under the following headings:

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Basic use

We have longitudinal data from 1968 and 1988 on the earnings and total experience of U.S. women by occupation.

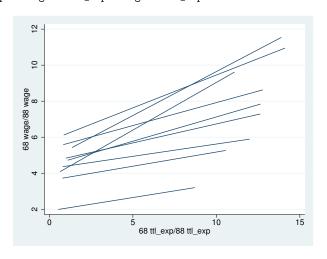
. use http://www.stata-press.com/data/r13/nlswide1 (National Longitudinal Survey. Young Women 14-26 years of age in 1968)

. list occ wage68 ttl_exp68 wage88 ttl_exp88

	occ	wage68	ttl_e~68	wage88	ttl_e~88
1.	Professionals	6.121874	.860618	10.94776	14.11177
2.	Managers	5.426208	1.354167	11.53928	13.88886
3.	Sales	4.836701	.9896552	7.290306	12.62823
4.	Clerical/unskilled	4.088309	.640812	9.612672	11.08019
5.	Craftsmen	4.721373	1.091346	7.839769	12.64364
6.	Operatives	4.364782	.7959284	5.893025	11.99362
7.	Transport	1.987857	.5247414	3.200494	8.710394
8.	Laborers	3.724821	.775966	5.264415	10.56182
9.	Other	5.58524	.8278245	8.628641	12.78389

We graph a spike showing the movement from 1968 values to 1988 values for each observation (each occupation):

. twoway pcspike wage68 ttl_exp68 wage88 ttl_exp88



Advanced use

twoway pcspike can be usefully combined with other twoway plottypes (see [G-2] graph twoway). Here we add markers and labeled markers along with titles and such to improve the graph:

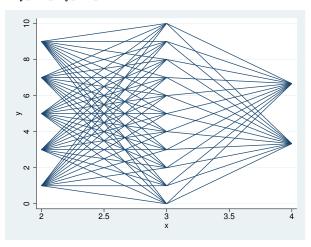
```
. twoway pcspike wage68 ttl_exp68 wage88 ttl_exp88
                                                           II
         scatter wage68 ttl_exp68, msym(0)
                                                           II
         scatter wage88 ttl_exp88, msym(0) pstyle(p4)
         mlabel(occ) xscale(range(17))
         title("Change in US Women's Experience and Earnings")
         subtitle("By Occupation -- 1968 to 1988")
         ytitle(Earnings) xtitle(Total experience)
         note("Source: National Longitudinal Survey of Young Women")
         legend(order(2 "1968" 3 "1988"))
```



Advanced use 2

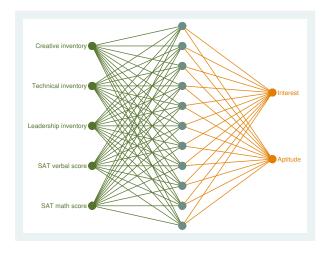
Drawing the edges of network diagrams is often easier with twoway pcspike than with other plottypes.

- . use http://www.stata-press.com/data/r13/network1
- . twoway pcspike y_c x_c y_l x_l



As with our first example, this graph can be made prettier by combining twoway pcspike with other plottypes.

```
. use http://www.stata-press.com/data/r13/network1a
```



Reference

Cox, N. J. 2009. Speaking Stata: Paired, parallel, or profile plots for changes, correlations, and other comparisons. *Stata Journal* 9: 621–639.

Also see

- [G-2] **graph twoway** Twoway graphs
- [G-2] graph twoway line Twoway line plots
- [G-2] graph twoway pcarrow Paired-coordinate plot with arrows
- [G-2] graph twoway pccapsym Paired-coordinate plot with spikes and marker symbols
- [G-2] graph twoway pci Twoway paired-coordinate plot with immediate arguments
- [G-2] graph twoway pcscatter Paired-coordinate plot with markers
- [G-2] graph twoway rspike Range plot with spikes