SVV	v sdr —	Successive	difference	replication	for survey	/ data
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Description Options Reference

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Description

svy sdr performs successive difference replication (SDR) estimation of specified statistics (or expressions) for a Stata command or a user-written program. The command is executed once for each replicate using sampling weights that are adjusted according to the SDR methodology. Any Stata estimation command listed in [SVY] svy estimation may be used with svy sdr. User-written programs that meet the requirements in [P] program properties may also be used.

Quick start

Estimate population mean of v1 using SDR standard-error estimates with sampling weight wvar1 and replicate weights in variables with prefix rwvar

svyset [pweight=wvar1], sdrweight(rwvar*)
svy sdr _b: mean v1

Same as above

```
svyset [pweight=wvar1], sdrweight(rwvar*) vce(sdr)
svy: mean v1
```

SDR estimate of the standard error of the difference between the means of v2 and v3 using either svyset command above

svy sdr (_b[v2]-_b[v3]): mean v2 v3

Same as above, but name the result diff and save results from each replication to mydata.dta

svy sdr diff=(_b[v2]-_b[v3]), saving(mydata): mean v2 v3

Same as above

sdr diff=(_b[v2]-_b[v3]), saving(mydata): mean v2 v3

Note: Any estimation command meeting the requirements specified in the Description may be substituted for mean in the examples above.

Menu

Statistics > Survey data analysis > Resampling > Successive difference replications estimation

Syntax

[svy] sdr exp_list [, svy_options sdr_options eform_option] : command

subpop([varname] [if])identify a subpopulationReporting level(#)set confidence level; default is level(95) noheadernolegendsuppress table legendnoadjustdo not adjust model Wald statisticnocnsreportdo not display constraintscoeflegenddisplay of omitted variables and base and empty cells, and factor-variable labelingcoeflegenddisplay legend instead of statisticscoeflegenddisplay filename; save statistics in double precision; save results to <i>filename</i> ; save statistics in double precision; save results to <i>filename</i> every # replicationsmseuse MSE formula for varianceReporting verbosedisplay the full table legendnodotssuppress replication dotsdots (#)display dots every # replicationsnoisilydisplay any output from commandtracetracetracetracetracetracetracetracetracetracetracetracetracetracetracetrace <tr< th=""><th>svy_options</th><th>Description</th></tr<>	svy_options	Description
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reject(exp) identify invalid results	Advanced	
	nodrop	do not drop observations
	reject(<i>exp</i>)	identify invalid results
	dof(#)	design degrees of freedom

svy requires that the survey design variables be identified using svyset; see [SVY] svyset.

command defines the statistical command to be executed. The by prefix cannot be part of command.

collect is allowed; see [U] 11.1.10 Prefix commands.

See [U] 20 Estimation and postestimation commands for more capabilities of estimation commands.

Warning: Using if or in restrictions will often not produce correct variance estimates for subpopulations. To compute estimates for subpopulations, use the subpop() option.

svy sdr requires that the successive difference replicate weights be identified using svyset.

exp_list specifies the statistics to be collected from the execution of *command*. *exp_list* is required unless *command* has the svyb program property, in which case *exp_list* defaults to _b; see [P] **program properties**. The expressions in *exp_list* are assumed to conform to the following:

exp_list contains	(name: elist)
	elist
	eexp
elist contains	<i>newvarname</i> = (<i>exp</i>)
	(<i>exp</i>)
<i>eexp</i> is	specname
	[eqno]specname
specname is	_b
	_b[]
	_se
	_se[]
eqno is	# #
	name

exp is a standard Stata expression; see [U] 13 Functions and expressions.

Distinguish between [], which are to be typed, and [], which indicate optional arguments.

Options

svy_options; see [SVY] svy.

Options

- saving(filename[, suboptions]) creates a Stata data file(.dta file) consisting of (for each statistic in exp_list) a variable containing the replicates.
 - double specifies that the results for each replication be stored as doubles, meaning 8-byte reals. By default, they are stored as floats, meaning 4-byte reals. This option may be used without the saving() option to compute the variance estimates by using double precision.
 - every(#) specifies that results be written to disk every #th replication. every() should be specified in conjunction with saving() only when *command* takes a long time for each replication. This will allow recovery of partial results should some other software crash your computer. See [P] postfile.
 - replace specifies that *filename* be overwritten if it exists. This option does not appear in the dialog box.
- mse specifies that svy sdr compute the variance by using deviations of the replicates from the observed value of the statistics based on the entire dataset. By default, svy sdr computes the variance by using deviations of the replicates from their mean.

Reporting

verbose requests that the full table legend be displayed.

nodots and dots (#) specify whether to display replication dots. By default, one dot character is displayed for each successful replication. An "x" is displayed if *command* returns an error, and an "e" is displayed if at least one value in *exp_list* is missing. You can also control whether dots are displayed using set dots; see [R] set.

nodots suppresses display of the replication dots.

dots(#) displays dots every # replications. dots(0) is a synonym for nodots.

noisily requests that any output from command be displayed. This option implies the nodots option.

- trace causes a trace of the execution of *command* to be displayed. This option implies the noisily option.
- title(*text*) specifies a title to be displayed above the table of SDR results; the default title is "SDR results".

eform_option; see [R] eform_option. This option is ignored if exp_list is not _b.

Advanced

- nodrop prevents observations outside e(sample) and the if and in qualifiers from being dropped before the data are resampled.
- reject (*exp*) identifies an expression that indicates when results should be rejected. When *exp* is true, the resulting values are reset to missing values.

dof (#) specifies the design degrees of freedom, overriding the default calculation, df = $N_{\rm psu} - N_{\rm strata}$.

Remarks and examples

SDR was first introduced by Fay and Train (1995) as a method of variance estimation for annual demographic supplements to the Current Population Survey (CPS). In SDR, the model is fit multiple times, once for each of a set of adjusted sampling weights. The variance is estimated using the resulting replicated point estimates.

Example 1

The US Census Bureau publishes public-use data from several of its surveys. These data can be downloaded from https://factfinder.census.gov. We downloaded the American Community Survey (ACS) Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) data collected in 2007. We extracted data for the state of Texas and kept the variables containing age, sex, and sampling weight for each person in the dataset. This sample dataset also contains 80 SDR weight variables.

This dataset was already svyset as

```
. svyset [pw=pwgtp], sdrweight(pwgtp1-pwgtp80) vce(sdr)
```

Here we estimate the average age of the males and of the females for our Texas subpopulation. The standard errors are estimated using SDR.

```
. svy: mean agep, over(sex)
(running mean on estimation sample)
SDR replications (80): ......10......20......30.......40.......50..
Survey: Mean estimation
                              Number of obs
                                           =
                                                 230,817
                              Population size = 23,904,380
                              Replications
                                            =
                                                      80
                           SDR
                  Mean
                         std. err.
                                      [95% conf. interval]
 c.agep@sex
               33.24486
                         .0470986
                                      33.15255
                                                33.33717
      Male
    Female
               35.23908
                         .0386393
                                      35.16335
                                                35.31481
```

Technical note

When the svy sdr prefix is used with a user-defined program and when the expression list is _b, svy sdr calls

set coeftabresults off

before entering the replication loop to prevent Stata from performing unnecessary calculations. This means that, provided option noisily is not specified, estimation commands will not build or post the coefficient table matrix r(table).

If your program calls an estimation command and needs r(table) to exist to perform properly, then your program will need to call

set coeftabresults on

before calling other estimation commands.

4

Stored results

In addition to the results documented in [SVY] svy, svy sdr stores the following in e():

Scalars

e(N_reps)	number of replications		
e(N_misreps)	number of replications with missing values		
e(k_exp)	number of standard expressions		
e(k_eexp)	number of _b/_se expressions		
e(k_extra)	number of extra estimates added to _b		
Macros			
e(cmdname)	command name from command		
e(cmd)	same as e(cmdname) or sdr		
e(vce)	sdr		
e(exp#)	#th expression		
e(sdrweight)	sdrweight() variable list		
Matrices			
e(b_sdr)	SDR means		
e(V)	SDR variance estimates		

When *exp_list* is _b, svy sdr will also carry forward most of the results already in e() from *command*.

Methods and formulas

See [SVY] Variance estimation for details regarding SDR variance estimation.

Reference

Fay, R. E., and G. F. Train. 1995. "Aspects of survey and model-based postcensal estimation of income and poverty characteristics for states and counties". In Proceedings of the Government Statistics Section, 154–159. American Statistical Association.

Also see

[SVY] svy postestimation — Postestimation tools for svy

[SVY] svy bootstrap — Bootstrap for survey data

- [SVY] svy brr Balanced repeated replication for survey data
- [SVY] svy jackknife Jackknife estimation for survey data
- [SVY] Calibration Calibration for survey data
- [SVY] Poststratification Poststratification for survey data
- [SVY] Subpopulation estimation Subpopulation estimation for survey data
- [SVY] Variance estimation Variance estimation for survey data
- [U] 20 Estimation and postestimation commands

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