Title

tebalance box — Covariate balance box

Description	Quick start	Menu	Syntax
Options	Remarks and examples	Reference	Also see

Description

tebalance box produces box plots that are used to check for balance in matched samples after teffects nnmatch and teffects psmatch.

Quick start

Box plot of the propensity score from the last teffects psmatch command tebalance box

Box plot of values of x1 in the treatment and control groups from raw data and the matched sample from the last teffects nnmatch or teffects psmatch command tebalance box x1

Menu

Statistics > Causal inference/treatment effects > Balance > Graphs

Syntax

Box plots for the propensite tebalance box [, op	· _	
Box plots for a covariate		
tebalance box <i>varnan</i>	le [, options]	
options	Description	
Main		
boxlook_options	graph box options controlling how the box looks	
legending_options	graph box options controlling how the variables are labeled	
axis_options	graph box options controlling how numerical y axis is labeled	
title_and_other_options	graph box options controlling titles, added text, aspect ratio, etc.	
by_options	suboptions inside by() controlling plots by raw and matched samples	

Options

Main

boxlook_options are any of the options documented in boxlook_options in [G-2] graph box.

legending_options are any of the options documented in *legending_options* in [G-2] graph box.

axis_options are any of the options documented in axis_options in [G-2] graph box.

- *title_and_other_options* are any of the options, except by(), documented in *title_and_other_options* in [G-2] **graph box**. tebalance box uses by() to differentiate between raw and matched samples, and some *twoway_options* will be repeated for by graph and might be better specified as byopts().
- *by_options* are any of the *byopts* documented in [G-3] *by_option*. byopts() generally affects the entire graph, and some *by_options* may be better specified as *twoway_options*; see [G-3] **twoway_options**.

Remarks and examples

stata.com

When the distribution of a covariate does not vary over the treatment levels, the covariate is said to be balanced. tebalance box produces box plots of a covariate over treatment levels for the raw data and for the matched sample produced by teffects. If the matched-sample box plots are the same over the treatment levels, the covariate is balanced in the matched sample.

After teffects nnmatch and teffects psmatch,

```
. tebalance box varname [, options]
```

produces box plots to check whether varname is balanced.

After teffects psmatch,

Nonsmoker)

. tebalance box |, options |

produces box plots to check whether the propensity score estimated by teffects is balanced.

We recommend that you read [CAUSAL] **tebalance** before proceeding; it provides an introduction to covariate balance and an overview of the implemented methods.

Example 1: Checking covariate balance after psmatch

Using an extract from the data used by Cattaneo (2010), we use teffects psmatch to estimate the effect of a mother's smoking behavior (mbsmoke) on the birthweight of her child (bweight), controlling for marital status (mmarried), the mother's age (mage), whether the mother had a prenatal doctor's visit in the baby's first trimester (prenatal1), and whether this baby is the mother's first child (fbaby).

```
. use https://www.stata-press.com/data/r18/cattaneo2
(Excerpt from Cattaneo (2010) Journal of Econometrics 155: 138-154)
. teffects psmatch (bweight) (mbsmoke mmarried mage prenatal1 fbaby),
> generate(matchv)
Treatment-effects estimation
                                                                           4.642
                                                Number of obs
                                                                    =
Estimator
               : propensity-score matching
                                                Matches: requested =
                                                                               1
Outcome model
               : matching
                                                                min =
                                                                               1
                                                                             139
Treatment model: logit
                                                                max =
                             AI robust
                                                            [95% conf. interval]
     bweight
               Coefficient std. err.
                                            z
                                                 P>|z|
ATE
     mbsmoke
    (Smoker
         vs
```

27.74409

-235.1714

We specified the option generate(matchv) to speed up the postestimation command that produces density plots, as discussed in example 3 under *Remarks and examples* of [CAUSAL] **tebalance**. We do not interpret the estimated effect produced by this preliminary model but rather check the specification. Now we look at the box plots.

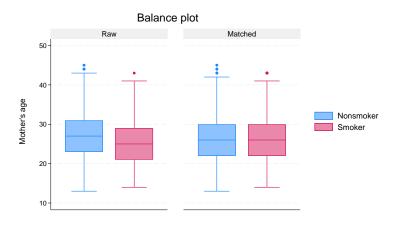
-8.48

0.000

-289.5488

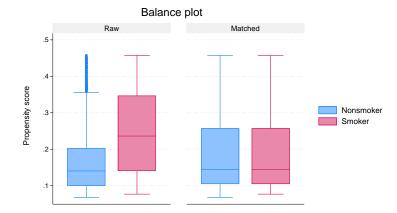
-180.794

. tebalance box mage



The box plots for the matched sample are very similar. The medians, the 25th percentiles, and the 75th percentiles appear to be the same, although there may be some differences in the tails, the upper adjacent values, the lower adjacent values, and the outliers. Matching on the estimated propensity score appears to have balanced mage, except for the tails.

To get an idea of whether teffects psmatch balanced all the covariates, we look at the box plots for the estimated propensity score.



. tebalance box

The box plots indicate that teffects psmatch balanced the estimated propensity scores.

4

Reference

Cattaneo, M. D. 2010. Efficient semiparametric estimation of multi-valued treatment effects under ignorability. Journal of Econometrics 155: 138–154. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jeconom.2009.09.023.

Also see

[CAUSAL] tebalance — Check balance after teffects or stteffects estimation

[CAUSAL] teffects nnmatch — Nearest-neighbor matching

[CAUSAL] teffects psmatch — Propensity-score matching

[CAUSAL] teoverlap — Overlap plots

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