

bayes: regress — Bayesian linear regression

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Description

`bayes: regress` fits a Bayesian linear regression to a continuous outcome; see [\[BAYES\] bayes](#) and [\[R\] regress](#) for details.

Quick start

Bayesian linear regression of y on x_1 and x_2 , using default normal priors for regression coefficients and default inverse-gamma prior for the variance

```
bayes: regress y x1 x2
```

Use a standard deviation of 10 instead of 100 for the default normal priors

```
bayes, normalprior(10): regress y x1 x2
```

Use a shape of 1 and a scale of 2 instead of values of 0.01 for the default inverse-gamma prior

```
bayes, igammaprior(1 2): regress y x1 x2
```

Use uniform priors for the slopes and a normal prior for the intercept

```
bayes, prior({y: x1 x2}, uniform(-10,10)) ///
prior({y: _cons}, normal(0,10)): regress y x1 x2
```

Save simulation results to `simdata.dta` and use a random-number seed for reproducibility

```
bayes, saving(simdata) rseed(123): regress y x1 x2
```

Specify 20,000 MCMC samples, set length of the burn-in period to 5,000, and request that a dot be displayed every 500 simulations

```
bayes, mcmcsample(20000) burnin(5000) dots(500): regress y x1 x2
```

In the above, request that the 90% HPD credible interval be displayed instead of the default 95% equal-tailed credible interval

```
bayes, clevel(90) hpd
```

Also see [Quick start](#) in [\[BAYES\] bayes](#) and [Quick start](#) in [\[R\] regress](#).

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Syntax

```
bayes [ , bayesopts ] : regress depvar [indepvars] [if] [in] [weight] [ , options ]
```

<i>options</i>	Description
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Model

<u>noconstant</u>	suppress constant term
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Reporting

<u>eform</u> (<i>string</i>)	report exponentiated coefficients and label as <i>string</i>
<u>display_options</u>	control spacing, line width, and base and empty cells

<u>level</u> (#)	set credible level; default is level(95)
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indepvars may contain factor variables; see [U] 11.4.3 Factor variables.

depvar and *indepvars* may contain time-series operators; see [U] 11.4.4 Time-series varlists.

fweights are allowed; see [U] 11.1.6 weight.

`bayes: regress, level()` is equivalent to `bayes, clevel(): regress`.

For a detailed description of *options*, see *Options* in [R] regress.

<i>bayesopts</i>	Description
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Priors

* <u>gibbs</u>	specify Gibbs sampling; available only with normal priors for regression coefficients and an inverse-gamma prior for variance
* <u>normalprior</u> (#)	specify standard deviation of default normal priors for regression coefficients; default is normalprior(100)
* <u>igammaprior</u> (# #)	specify shape and scale of default inverse-gamma prior for variance; default is igammaprior(0.01 0.01)
<u>prior</u> (<i>priorspec</i>)	prior for model parameters; this option may be repeated
<u>dryrun</u>	show model summary without estimation

Simulation

<u>mcmcsize</u> (#)	MCMC sample size; default is mcmcsize(10000)
<u>burnin</u> (#)	burn-in period; default is burnin(2500)
<u>thinning</u> (#)	thinning interval; default is thinning(1)
<u>rseed</u> (#)	random-number seed
<u>exclude</u> (<i>paramref</i>)	specify model parameters to be excluded from the simulation results

Blocking

* <u>blocksize</u> (#)	maximum block size; default is blocksize(50)
<u>block</u> (<i>paramref</i> [, <i>blockopts</i>])	specify a block of model parameters; this option may be repeated
<u>blocksummary</u>	display block summary
* <u>noblocking</u>	do not block parameters by default

Initialization

<u>initial</u> (<i>initspec</i>)	initial values for model parameters
<u>nomleinitial</u>	suppress the use of maximum likelihood estimates as starting values
<u>initransom</u>	specify random initial values
<u>initsummary</u>	display initial values used for simulation
* <u>noisily</u>	display output from the estimation command during initialization

Adaptation

`adaptation(adaptopts)` control the adaptive MCMC procedure
`scale(#)` initial multiplier for scale factor; default is `scale(2.38)`
`covariance(cov)` initial proposal covariance; default is the identity matrix

Reporting

`clevel(#)` set credible interval level; default is `clevel(95)`
`hpd` display HPD credible intervals instead of the default equal-tailed credible intervals
`eform[(string)]` report exponentiated coefficients and, optionally, label as *string*
`batch(#)` specify length of block for batch-means calculations; default is `batch(0)`
`saving(filename [, replace])` save simulation results to *filename.dta*
`nomodelsummary` suppress model summary
`[no]dots` suppress dots or display dots every 100 iterations and iteration numbers every 1,000 iterations; default is `nodots`
`dots(#[, every(#)])` display dots as simulation is performed
`[no]show(paramref)` specify model parameters to be excluded from or included in the output
`notable` suppress estimation table
`noheader` suppress output header
`title(string)` display *string* as title above the table of parameter estimates
`display_options` control spacing, line width, and base and empty cells

Advanced

`search(search_options)` control the search for feasible initial values
`corrlag(#)` specify maximum autocorrelation lag; default varies
`corrtol(#)` specify autocorrelation tolerance; default is `corrtol(0.01)`

*Starred options are specific to the `bayes` prefix; other options are common between `bayes` and `bayesmh`.

Options `prior()` and `block()` can be repeated.

`priorspec` and `paramref` are defined in [BAYES] `bayesmh`.

`paramref` may contain factor variables; see [U] 11.4.3 Factor variables.

See [U] 20 Estimation and postestimation commands for more capabilities of estimation commands.

Model parameters are regression coefficients `{depvar: indepvars}` and variance `{sigma2}`. Use the `dryrun` option to see the definitions of model parameters prior to estimation.

For a detailed description of `bayesopts`, see `Options` in [BAYES] `bayes`.

Remarks and examples

[stata.com](http://www.stata.com)

For a general introduction to Bayesian analysis, see [BAYES] `intro`. For a general introduction to Bayesian estimation using adaptive Metropolis–Hastings and Gibbs algorithms, see [BAYES] `bayesmh`. For remarks and examples specific to the `bayes` prefix, see [BAYES] `bayes`. For details about the estimation command, see [R] `regress`.

For a simple example of the `bayes` prefix, see *Introductory example* in [BAYES] `bayes`. Also see *Linear regression: A case of informative default priors* in [BAYES] `bayes`.

Stored results

See *Stored results* in [BAYES] **bayesmh**.

Methods and formulas

See *Methods and formulas* in [BAYES] **bayesmh**.

Also see

[BAYES] **bayes** — Bayesian regression models using the bayes prefix

[R] **regress** — Linear regression

[BAYES] **bayesian postestimation** — Postestimation tools for bayesmh and the bayes prefix

[BAYES] **bayesian estimation** — Bayesian estimation commands

[BAYES] **bayesian commands** — Introduction to commands for Bayesian analysis

[BAYES] **intro** — Introduction to Bayesian analysis

[BAYES] **Glossary**